TUNIS (R) — Arab foreign ministers will meet in New York Wednesday to try to surmount deep divisions over the Gulf crisis, the Arab League said Tuesday. The meeting, on the sidelines of the United Nations General Assembly session, will be the first to embrace virtually all foreign ministers since an August 3 meeting in Cairo, one day after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait. Assad Al Assad, then 21-member group's acting secretary general, is expected to participate, a league official said. But Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz refused to go to New York after the United States denied landing permission for his private plane. Permanent representatives to the Arab League briefly met on Thursday in Tunis but suspended their work pending the New York meeting. The ministers are to fix a new date for a meeting of the Arab League Council which must decide on arrangements for transferring the Arab League headquarters to Cairo from Tunis.

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Qian, Levy meet

UNITED NATIONS (R) Foreign ministers Qian Qichen of China and David Levy of Israel met for 45 minutes at the United Nations Tuesday and Levy later said the two countries, which have no diplomatic relations, would continue to strengthen contacts. "We had a good exchange of views. There will be further talks on bilateral matters. We shall carry on strengthening the existing links," be said, speaking through an interpeter. The two countries also keep in touch through their U.N. missions as well as in Hong Kong. Their foreign ministers usually meet during the annual U.N. General Assembly session.

Poiand's elections set for Nov. 25

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आ अंक्षेट्र

WARSAW (R) — Poland will hold presidential elections to replace General Wojeiech Jaruzelski Nov. 25, Parliament Speaker Mikolaj Kozakiewicz announced Tnesday.

Bush promises U.N. payments

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -U.S. President George Bush has pledged to pay the half-billion dollars the U.S. owes to the U.N., but current congressional negotiations leave U.S. payments unsure. The United States is the world body's biggest debtor, owing \$521.9 million to the U.N. badget. Under-Secretary-General Ronald Spiers, the topranking American in the world body, recently warned that the United States could have its voting rights in the General Assembly suspended in the new year if it doesn't start to pay up.

Suspected 'iraqi spy

KARLSRUHE (AP) - Authorities have arrested a Foreign Ministry employee suspected of delivering confidential documents to the Iraqi military intelligence, the chief prosecutor's office confirmed Tuesday. A statement from the prosecutor's office in Karlsruhe said the 35year-old mid-level employee was taken into investigative custody on Aug. 29. The statement followed a report on the arrest in Monday's issue of the newsmagazine Der Spiegel. The man was identified by the prosecutor's statement only as "Juergen M.G." Spiegel gave the man's name as Mohammad Inergen Gietler and said he had converted to Islam in 1987. The prosecutor's office said the man was allegedly recruited by the Iraqi military intelligence in March 1990. He is suspected of handing over copies of confidential documents to his Iraqi contact during regular weekly meetings.

Saudis to double military

LONDON (AP) - Sandi Arabia is to double its armed forces to 120,000 troops, Jane's Defence Weekly reported. The defence magazine quoted unidentified sources inside and outside Saudi Arabia. "Analysts say at least three divisions would be needed to protect the border with Iraq, and another division for the Tahnk region. One division would be required in the south near the border with Yemen," Jane's said. The magazine said Saudi Arabia would call up reserve forces if the increase could not be achieved with recruits.

iran group wants U.K. to free student

NICOSIA (AP) — An Iranian group has called for Britain's unconditional and immediate" release of Mehrdad Kokabi, an engineering student arrested in December 1989 in an alleged plot to kill author Salman Rushdie. The release would be considered the first practical step on the part of the British government to show its respect for the recently reached agreements be-tween Iran and Britain," said a group calling itself the Committee for Supporting Muslim Stu-dents under British Oppression. The two countries announced Thursday that they were resuming formal ties, severed 18 months ago in the dispute over Rushdie's novel "The Satanic

King: Iraq will not discuss Gulf solution under military threat

AMMAN (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein said Tuesday that Iraq would not discuss the Gulf crisis as long as it faces a

King Hussein repeated a warn-ing that the buildup of foreign troops in the Gulf region could lead to a war with catastrophic consequences for the entire

The King, speaking with Japanese journalists on the eve of a visit by Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu, stressed that he believes only a negotiated Arab settlement can lead to a peaceful resolution of the crisis.

"My understanding is that Iraq is willing and ready to discuss this problem and all other Arah problems whithin the Arab context but is clearly unwilling to do so facing a military threat to itselff and its future," the King said.

King Hussein said the deploy-ment of foreign forces in the Gulf and Security Council resolutions against Iraq "adversely affectd the chances for an Arab attempt to resolve the problem between Iraq and Kuwait within the Arab

ordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan has requested

the European Community (EC) to differentiate between "aid for Jor-

dan" and "aid for the evacuees

when considering the allocations of

a \$2 billion aid and soft-loan pack-

age of which the Kingdom is one of the beneficiaries, Italian Deputy

Prisne Minister Claudio Martelli

said Tuesday. - After a five-hour visit to Jordan

during which he held talks with His

Majesty King Hussein and His

Royal Highness Crown Prince Has-

san. Martelli said, "according to

Jordanian leaders the issue of the

lem and cannot be linked to finan-

of the situation into account when

we consider the aid package," Mar-telli told reporters before heading

for Quar as part of a fact-finding

tour which will also take him to

"We will take this interpretation

cial aid to Jordan.

condemnation, provocation and intimidation would not work and

this is precisely where we are at this moment," the King added. The King stressed that any solution to the Gulf crisis must also consider the other Middle East problems, such as the Palestine question and Lebanon.

King Hussein is expected to discuss the Gulf crisis and the economic difficulties facing Jordan because of the crisis when he meets Wednesday with the

Japanese prime minister. He said Jordan ios paying a heavy price for honouring the U.N. sanctions and for trying to achieve peace in the region. The sanctions have especially hurt Jordan because Iraq is its major

The King said Jordan was being "punished, it seems, for fearing for the future of the region and the world. How far this is going I honestly do not know. But there is a problem and it is a serious one and we are to a degree almost in a state of siege."
"We are paying a very high

price for adhering to our princiontext."

ples and for trying to presserve
"I warned from the start that
peace and serve the cause of

Jordan requests EC to separate

direct aid and evacuee relief

been discussing specific allocations to Jordan, Turkey and Egypt after

the European Commission proposed an aid package to the three

economic impact of the Gulf crisis and the imposition of sanctions

against Iraq.
The Italian minister said Italy

will contribute \$150 million to the

EC budget allocation of \$1 billion

to the aid package. Another \$150

million in aid and grants will come directly from the Italian govern-ment as contribution to the other

half of the package which will be

made up of allocations from the individual budgets of the EC mem-

11.S. officials estimate that Jor-

dan, Egypt and Turkey would need

anywhere from \$14 to \$16 billion to

offset their economic losses.

Martelli, who held talks with

Egyptian President Hosni Muberak

help them cope with the adv

peace and stability in this region. be added.

Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Knwit and the U.N. trade embargo are devastating Jordan's economy. The Kingdom has also to deal with the influx of bundreds of thousands of Asians and Arabs fleeing Iraq and Knwait.

King Hussein said Jordan was adhering to the U.N. sanctions despite enormous difficulties. We are living in a war zone with all that implies in terms of our economy and the very heavy premiums imposed on us be it for our exports or imports into this coun-

try by sea or by air." He said more than 100,000 Jordanians had lost their jobs in Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and other

Asked whether Kaifu would meet any Iraqi officials while in Amman, King Hussein said: "I am not aware of any such plans. At least, that is the answer I can give you now."

He said Jordan appreciated "the attention that we have felt was given to us by the Japanese government," adding Kaifu's visit would be "a very important land-

both Jordan and Egypt had "one

common point of analysis," namely that the prevailing economic situa-

tion in the region could spell disas-

An Arab solution to the Gulf

crisis, he said, was considered as a possible solution by his country

during the carty phase of the crisis

"but when the Arab League split on its opinions on how to deal with

the situation then (an Arab solu-

"King Hussein and Prince Has-

Mubarak, Martelli said, is of the

san are most concerned and seem

the least disposed to favour war."

opinion that the West had "over

stimated" Iraq's military power.

During his visit to Jordan, Mar-telli also held talks on the Gulf

crisis and Jordan's economic situa-

Badran and Minister of Informa-

tion Ibrahim Izzedine.

tion with Prime Minister Mudar

ter for the two countries

tion) became less likely."

Germany is reunited.

EAST BERLIN (R) - East and West Germany marked their last day as separate states Tuesday with emotional ceremonies bid-ding farewell to the World War Il allies and winding up the East German army, parliament and

More than a million revellers were expected on the streets of a reunited Berlin at midnight to celebrate the merger of the two states into Enrope's biggest democracy with 79 million inhabitants and a powerhouse eco-

"Oct. 3 will be a day of joy for all Germans," Chancellor Heimnt Kohl wrote in the Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitune. "With German unification, we not ony gain full sovereignty but also new international duties."

"Everyone should know: Germany will not go it alone, there will be no unilateral nationalism and no 'restless reigh', " he said. The Western allies - the Un-

ited States, Britain and France which defended West Berlin for four decades after World War II against Communist encirclement, formally lowered their flags and bade farewell to a grateful city

King congratulates Germans

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday congratulated the Germans on the eve of the reunification of Germany, which went into effect midnight Tuesday, and expressed confidence that relations between Jordan

and Germany would be further strengthened.

"On this historic day, when the long-cherished hope of all Germans to reunify no their homeland becomes an honourably accomplished reality, I take great pleasure in expressing to Your Excellency and all the German people my most sincere congratulations in my own name, and on behalf of the government and people of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan," the King told German President Richard von Weizzecker in a message.

The reunification of Germany, crowns ocarly half a century of Germany's great accomplishments in rebuilding their nation, and the achievement of their legitimate struggle to fulfill their inalienable right to self-determination. Therefore, I would like to reassert the immense happiness which all Jordanians share with the German people on this momentous occasion, as well as our pride in the close relations of co-operation based on mutual respect and friendship that bind our two nations and ourselves," he said.

In a similar message to Chancellor Helmut Kohl, the King said: "The reunification of Germany attests to the inalienability of the right of all people to self-determination, and highlights the infinite achievements of which the national will is capable. We feel that it is singularly appropriate that this momentous accomplishment should be realised under your inspired leadership."

government Tuesday.

The three military commanders held the final session of the allied Kommandatura, trembling bugiers played a last salute and governing Mayor Walter Momper thanked the allies for their bravery and commitment to maintaining a free Berlin.

The headlong dash to German unification, officially blessed by the three Western allies and the Soviet Union in a treaty signed in Moscow on Sept. 12, followed the collapse of East Germany's hardline Communist regime and the

(Continued on page 5)

Kaifu arrives here today, expected to announce aid stitution, which was drafted and

By Ghadeer Taher Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Japanese Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu, in a bid to assume a higher political profile in the Middle East. arrives here Wednesday on his first visit to Jordan to discuss aid to the Kingdom and to exchange views on a solution

to the Gulf crisis. The prime minister, oo the second leg of a Middle East tour, is expected to announce emergency aid and loans to Egypt, Jordan and Turkey totalling \$2 billion. These three countries are considered the worst-hit financially from an economic embargo the United Nations imposed on Iraq after its invasion

of Kuwait Aug. 2.

'The emergency aid (\$600 million) will be in the form of soft loans and the rest will be in the form of loans, grants and technical cooperation," Japan's Ambassador to Jordan Tadayuki Nonoyama said. The terms of the \$600 million loan "are very soft with one per

other Gulf states.

Petra.

cent interest and 30-year repayment period."
"Japan regards Jordan the key

country for the stability of the region." Noncoyama told the Jor-dan Times. "Jordan's economic and political stability has a great bearing on the rest of the region the crisis crupted," he added. We realise that Jordan is suffering gravely because of its com-

pliance with sanctions against [raq," the ambassador said. Jordan has appealed for at least \$1.5 billion in financial assistance for 1990 to offset the negative economic effects of the crisis. The Japanese prime minister ar-

rived in Egypt Tuesday at the start of a five-country Middle East tour after promising the United Nations in New York to contribute nonmilitary personnel and material to the U.N.-led military buildup in the Gulf.

Japan has come under harsh criticism, especially from the Un-

Jordan lifts ban on

imposed by the occupying allied powers after World War II, does not allow the dispatch of forces overseas except for rescue missions after natural disasters. But Japan has committed \$2 billion to the military buildup and \$2 billion to

The ambassador said the prime inister was not bringing any fresh ideas for a solution to the Gulf crisis but was carrying "new initia-tives" concerning economic coop-eration with Jordan.

"We have been extending cooperation to Jordan before the crisis and when Mr. Kaifu will announce emergency aid to Jordan" during his stay here, Nonoyama said. Japan and the United States have clashed over how to channel funds to the three countries. Washington, anxious to retain as much control as possible over interna-tional aid efforts, wants to set up a pool of funds it would manage for

(Continued on page 5)

Gulf-bound trucks

Three killed in W. Bank

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Israeli forces shot dead two Palestinians Tuesday and a teenage protester died of his wounds, raising the number of Arabs killed by Israelis to 699 during the 34-month-old uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza

The two were shot dead Tuesday in the West Bank town of Jenin, Palestinian residents said.

They said the first, 22-year-old Maher Omar Aken, who escaped from an Israeli prison in May, was shot twice in the chest. Military sources said he was killed while ficeing.

The killing sparked demonstra-tions by residents who burned tyres and hurled rocks at troops. Residents said Tawfik Mahmoud Al Raji, 17, was shot dead in the ensuing street battles. The army said it was checking the report. An army spokesman said a

West Bank teenager critically wounded by a rubber bullet last Thursday died of his wounds in an Israeli hospital, Palestinians identified him as Akram Basal, 15, of Yatta oear Hebroo.

Israeli forces have killed four Palestinians in the last five days. Syria said Tuesday that Israel was taking advantage of the world's preoccupation with the Gulf crisis to crush the uprising. The official daily Tishreen

urged Arabs to keep the Palestinian problem uppermost in their minds, saying Israel was working to empty the occupied Arab territories and make room for Jewish

"Israel is exploiting the world's and the region's preoccupation with the Gulf crisis to escalate its terrorism and to fasteo its iroo grip against Arabs," it said.

"Israel believes there is a good chance to crush the uprising and empty the Arab land by force to make space for the new waves of

Jewish immigrants." Tishreen said Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait had undermined Arab concern about the

flow of Soviet Jews which had reached over 100,000 since the beginning of this year.
"The Palestinian cause is the

cause of all Arabs... it should remain a pivot for their concern and their support on all international forums," it added.

Iraq challenges U.S. to destroy Israeli, Arab arsenal

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Iraq ehallenged U.S. President George Bush Tuesday to demand that Israel dispose of its nuclear weapons arsenal in return for the removal of other mass destruction weapons in the Arab World.

An Iraqi government spokesman, reacting to Bush's speech at the United Nations Monday, said: "We support the removal of all mass destruction weapons from the region, provided this applies not only to chemical or other weapons the Arabs possess but also the nuclear weapons

"And we challenge Bush, who is ever so careful not to anger Israel, to declare a clearcut position regarding this issue and make the suggestion to Israel,"

the spokesman said in a state-Agency (INA).

He said: "Bush should prove

he is sincere in his call for peace

and security in the region and "Or is he again using the flowery calls for peace and for the removal of the threat of mass

destruction weapons as a camouflage for ill-intentions he harbours against the Arab people, their wealth and sanctities? Added the spokesman: "The threat the chemical weapons pose

is not graver than that of the atomic bombs Israel possesses In his address Monday Bush said a decision by Iraq to withdraw from Kuwait could create an opportunity for the peaceful resolution of the

ment carried by the Iraqi News last week by French President Francois Minterrand, acknowledged there could be broader aspers in the Gulf crisis for the region. He has in the past refused to link the crisis with wider Middle East problems.
"In the aftermath of Iraq's uncon-

ditional departure from Kuwait, truly believe that there may be oppor-He said it would pave the way "for Iraq and Kuwait to sende their differences permanently, for the states of the Gulf themselves to build new arrangements for stability; and for all

the states and peoples of the region to settle the conflict that divides the Arabs from Israel. Later, following talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevard-

nadze, Bush told reporters "there's

(Continued on page 5)

Beirut leaders accuse each other of massacre

fired at pedestrians Tuesday near after 30 unarmed demonstrators died in a massacre at a candlelight vigil in support of rebel General

Church bells tolled throughout the day for the slain demonstrators, who were raked by gunfire Monday night as they protested against a starvation blockade of Aoun's enclave in the Christian

Aoun blamed rival Christian warlord Samir Geages and his

BEIRUT (Agencies) - Snipers Lebanese Forces (LF) militia for the "horrific massacre" and said the aptly named Death River President Elias Hrawi's government was "equally responsible."
Geagea accused Aoun of en-

gineering the bloodbath among his own supporters to win international sympathy as Hrawi's troops tightened the blockade in an effort to force Aoun to surren-

Tension hightened as snipers fired at pedestrians in the same spot of Monday's carnage, killing one civilian and wounding four,

Aoun's command and Geagea's spokesman blamed each other for the sniping. The government of Hrawi accused Aoun of provoking the massacre of his own supporters.

Some of the 82 wounded protes-ters, interviewed in hospitals, also blamed the LF for firing on the rally, held only metres from positions manned by Hrawi's troops and the militia. Hrawi's government said plain-clothes soldiers loyal to Aoun who were marching with the protesters opened fire first.

The circumstances of last night's (Continued on page 5)

ited States, for not committing that purpose. enough funds to the multinations force deployed in Sandi Arabia and the Gulf. The Japanese con-

Tuesday lifted a ban on trucks bound for Sandi Arabia and The decision was taken af-

ter Prime Minister Mudar Badran telephoned his Syrian counterpart Mahmond Zu'bi, and after other diplomatic contacts, Customs Depart-ment Director General Mahdi Saudi-Inrdanian relations have Farhan was quoted as saying by the Jordan News Agency,

Jordan's ban on traffic across the Saudi border triggered a panic leap in the price of vegetables and fruit in the Gulf, United Arab Emirates traders said Tuesday. "I can't believe it. Yester-

day I bought tomatoes for

about one dirham (about 25 cents) a kilo but today (a kilo costs) four dirhams (\$1), said one UAE wholsaler.

On Monday, Jordan stopped all Gulf-bound traffic after Saudi Arabia turned back some trucks which were carrying Jordanian goods to Gulf Arab countries.

deteriorated over Jordan's perceived support for Iraq following Baghdad's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait. More than 60 per cent of the Gulf Arab states' fresh

through Jordan from Turkey. Syria, Lebanon, and from Jordan itself. UAE dealers said Gulf

region," and was "not meant in any

could be easily brought to bear against targets in Iraq and Kuwait. A French warship fired warning

shots across the bows of an inter-

cepted North Korean freighter off

Djibouti Tuesday and Cyprus de-

teined the captain and two officers of

fi was the first time any of the estimated 14 French warships in the

vegetables and fruit come

food markets faced an imminent food supply squeeze because suppliers in Iran. Pakistan, India and other Arab states would not be able to get food in quick enough to head off shortages.

"In the next few days, if the ban remains in force, you will see a sharp shortage of fresh vegetables and fruit," said a UAE wholesaler.

The price rises were due largely to speculation and panic rather than immediate shortages, dealers said.

Jordan is suffering severe economie hardships as a result of the political chaos that ensued after Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion. The Gulf is one of its key markets.

The six Gulf Arab states -Saudi Arabia, the UAE, Kuwait, Oman, Bahrain, and Qatar - on average have been buying around \$8 billion of food a year, accounting for 35 per cent of Arab countries' total food import bill.

Earlier price hikes following the invasion were curbed when Gulf governments announced they had food stocks for several months and threatened to punish specula-

Meat supplies and prices

should not be affected, trad-ers said. "What we import

through Jordan is only a por-

tion of our total meat im-

ports," said one.

Show of might heightened in Gulf

BAHRAIN (Agencies) - The show of military might in the Gulf heightened Tuesday, as the USS Independence sailed through the Strait of Hormuz, and reports surfaced that Iraq has deployed over 400,000 troops to defend Kuwait.

The United States bolstered its forces inside the Gulf with the arrival of the Independence, its battle group and four minesweepers.

"visible demonstration of the oper-ational capabilities of a carrier battle

The 79,000-ton earrier sailed through the Strait of Hormuz, gateway to the Gulf, on a combined a tanker suspected of violating the U.N. embargo against Iraq. The men, all Lebanese, were be-"show of strength" and training mission that was expected to last several lieved to be the first seamen arrested since the U.N. Security Council im-posed the embargo Aug. 6 after Iraq It was the second time that a U.S.

carrier has entered the strategic, narinvaded Kuwait. row waterway. The USS Constella-Military officials in Paris said the curvette Doudart de Lagree opened fire after the freighter Sam Il Po tion did so in 1974 on a pesceume training mission, according to navy Mark Walker, a navy spokesman, in the Bab Al Mandeb strait, southsaid the Independence would be a em gateway to the Red Sea.

way to increase regional tensions. The North Korean ship was But a military source said earlier allowed to proceed after it was boarded and a search determined it that the Independence was certain to "increase the pucker factor" for Iraq showing that U.S. naval air power was not carrying any proscribed car-

It was the 16th time French naval search teams have boarded vessels since the U.N. Security Council imposed the embargo.

to halt a suspected blockade-runner.

In Cyprus, authorities detained the captain and two senior officers of the small Honduran-flag tanker Fiona, which is suspected of transporting

Iraqi crude oil. Captain Ibrahim Al Rafei, first officer Aboud Abboud and engineer Antoine Bou Saade were ordered held in custody for eight days by a court in the southern port of Larnaca Tuesday pending a police investiga-tion into the origin of the Fiona's

cargo of crude oil. More Egyptian soldiers headed to Saudi Arabia Tuesday, transiting the Suez Canal in two ships carrying any war against Iraq would be a blitzkrieg, ended quickly.

The newest dispatch of Egyptian troops comes after Egypt's overall commander in Saudi Arabia, Major-General Mohammad Ali Bilal, that the size of his force in the kingdom should reach 20,000 by the end of Another Egyptian commander, Brig.-Gen. Yehia Mobammad

Elwan, was quoted as saying that any war to dislodge Iraq from Kuwaii "will be quick and decisive." Elwan commands the 3rd armoured division. committed by Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak to service in Saudi Arabia to reinforce a few thousand troops sent shortly after the invasion "It will be a blitzkrieg, given the great technological advances in

weapons and equipment," he told the Middle East News Agency. Iraq has strengthened its forces in southern Iraq and Kuwait and has now deployed nearly half its one

(Continued on page 5)

EC-Arab League meeting postponed

ROME (R) — A planned meeting next week between European Community (EC) and Arab League foreign ministers has been postponed because of divisions in the Arab World, an . Itailan Foreign Ministry spokesman said Tuesday.

'Even those Arab countries which had agreed to come eventually advised us against it," the spokesman said. "They feared that holding such a meeting in Europe would only serve to bighlight the deep splits in the Arab World."

All members of the Arab League except Iraq had beeo invited to the planned meeting in Venice Oct. 7-8. Italy, the current EC president, had pinned its hopes oo the meeting to relaunch dialogue betweeo Europe and the

Arabs disrupted by the Gulf crisis. The spokesman said Arab states had asked Italy not to say which members of the Arab League had refused to come. But be said the lineup in

favour of the Venice meeting was more or less in line with the Cairo Arab League summit on Aug. 10 at which 12 of the organisation's members condemned Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

Arab states, however, had told Italy that publicly forming an anni-Iraq front with the EC in Europe would be even more difficult and controversial than the Cairo summit, the spokesman

The final decisioo on postponement was taken by Italian Foreign Minister Gianni be Michelis after talking to Arab colleagues

The following report is reprinted

in full from yesterday's Israeli

English-language oewspaper,

KIRYAT MALACHI - Almost

exactly a year after their trial

started last Oct. 3, four Givati

Brigade soldiers were convicted

here yesterday of assault for sev-

erely beating an Al Bureij refugee camp resident on Feb. 7,

1988. The man, Ayad Akal, 21,

died at Shifa Hospital in Gaza the

same evening. Sentences are to be handed down on Oct. 24.

opened after a military investiga-

tico ioto the death of Akal, who

was beateo in his house by a

group of the battalion's soldiers.

including three of the accused.

taken hy jeep to a secluded olive

grove where they were again sev-

erely beaten and kicked for 20

Capt. Ofer Reshef of Haifa.

Staff Sgt. Eli Shukrun of Jaffa,

and Sgt. Gadi Zinba of Ashkelon,

were charged with assault, rather

than murder, because Ayad's

body was spirited away from Shi-

fa for hurial before an official

investigation could be conducted

to determine the exact cause of

death. The hattalion cominander,

Maj. Yitzhak Levite of Jeru-

salem, was charged with sanction-

ing the beatings.

The jndges, Col. Yoram Tzel-kovnik, president of the Southern

Command's military tribunal.

Col. Avi Roneo and Col. Itamar

Ya'ar, spent four hours reading

the 180-page indgment.

They said that over the course

of time, the descriptive phrase

'to break bones," commonly

heard in the early stages of the

intifada, was transformed from a

now in the reserves, showed clear

signs of relief after the jodgmeot.

as the court's criticism of senior

officers deflected a certain

The four Givati soldiers, all

"metaphor into a reality."

minutes.

The "Givati II" court martial

The Jerusalem Post.

Israeli officers beat

Palestinian to death

at the U.N. General Assembly io New York

The meeting was the brainchild of de Michelis, who persuaded his EC colleagues last month that it was vital for the community to show that its interest in the Arab World was not just limited to the Gulf

The EC foreign ministers are going ahead with their scheduled meeting near Vencie oo Oct. 6-7 to prepare for an EC embergency mmit in Rome Oct. 27.

At their Rome meeting last month, the EC foreign ministers issued a declaration reaffirming their "determination to consolidate and reinforce the historic ties of friendship which bind them to the whole of the Arab World.'

They are ready to cootinue to contribute to the establishmeot in the region of a situation of peace. stability and cooperation, which is the only way to promote the ecocomic and social well-being of ali the people of the area," they

De Michelis has taken the lead within the EC in arguing that the West was partly to blame for what bappened in the Gulf because it had so long oeglected the problems of the Arab World, including the Palestinian ques-

But the Rome EC statement accused Iraq of having hy its invasioo of Kuwait "delayed the search for progress towards a solution to other problems of the region, such as the Arab-Israeli conflict, the Palestinian problem and the situation in Lebanon."

amount of blame from them.

Among the high-ranking offic-

ers on whom the judges cast

suspicion of improper conduct

were Col. Ephraim Fein, then

O/C Givati Brigade, and Brig.-

Gen. Ya'akov Or, theo IDF com-

mander in the Gaza Strip. The

court also said that then O/C

Southern Command Maj.-Gen.

Yilzhak Mordechai had ignored

the fact that soldiers under his

command beat Arabs to punish

There was no doubt, said Tzel-

kovnik, that at the time in ques-

tion, force was used not only to

put down disturbances, but also

as a punishment. "At the same

time," the judges said, "it has not

been proven that the highest

levels of the IDF ordered the use

is clear that this was a result of

the general atmosphere that pre-

vailed in the various discussions

The jodges noted that Capt.

Reshef was put in command of a

themselves in differing circumst-

Turning to the question of

Levite's instructions to use beat-

ings as a punishment, they ruled:

order, and just as it was forbid-

den to issue such an order, so it

The judges ruled that Reshef

and his two sergeants should have

understood that their battalion

commander's order was illegal.

was announced that he and his

colleagues had undoobtedly been

made "scapegoats" for policies

which reflected thinking through-

ont the IDF in the difficult early

Levite said after the verdict

was forbidden to carry it out."

This was definitely an illegal

amoog high-ranking officers."

Yemenis leave S. Arabia by thousands

By Jonathan Wright Reuter

Najran, Saudi Arabia — Thousands of Yemenis bave abandoned jobs and businesses in Saudi Arabia because of sharp differences between the Saudi and Yemeni governments over the Gulf crisis, Saudi sources

The Yemenis, many of them migrant workers, were leaving because they feared they might suffer if war broke out between Iraq and Saudi Arabia or expected to lose thier jobs when new rules for residence and work come into force later this month, the sources in this province said

A senior Yemeni official in Sanaa said Saturday that 30,000 Yemenis had left Saudi Arabia and others were following at a

rate of around 5,000 a day. Najran businessman Mubarak al Mntlaka said 43 out of 60

Yemeni workers employed at a citrus farm in the area had gone. They... decided on their own to go back to their country," he told

And some Yemeni shopkeepers had sold op and gone bome. he added.

Rivadh and Sanaa are at odds over the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait and Saudi Arabia's decision to invite in U.S. and other foreign

On Sept. 18 Saudi Arabia, indirectly punishing the Yemeni government for sympathising with Iraq, announced that Yemenis were to lose their special status in the kingdom and would oeed visas. Those wantiog to work would have to find Saudi

More than a million Yemenis hve or work in the kingdom. Some have family connections or

Saodi business partners. The Governor of Najarn pro-. vince, Fahd Al Sodairi, told reporters Monday .:

"They (the Yemenis) got their special privileges and special status three years ago and this has changed...," he explained. Travellers from the Red Sea

port of Jeddah, said they were leaving by the husload. One of the returning workers, Mohammad Abu Ghanem told Reuters in Yemen last week be had to sell his belongings in an

A Saudi sonrees said the Yemeni exodus was largely inspired by psychological factors

WASHINGTON (R) - The

U.S. House of Representatives

backed President George Bush's

actions in the Gulf crisis Monday

in a resolution that sought to

steer clear of any suggestion it

However, 29 members voted

against the resolution and one

opponent voiced fears it was a

blank check for military action.

Democrat Edward Keooedy

made the same complaint about a

similar resolution due for a vote

Proposiog the resolutioo, Dante Fascell, a Florida Demo-

crat who is chairman of the

House Foreign Affairs Commit-

tee, sought to reassure members

that it was vastly different from

the 1964 Tonkio Gulf Resolution

that former Presideot Lyndon

Johnsoo used to justify an expan-

Fascell said the resolution,

adopted by the house by a 380-29

vote, has been drafted in close

consultation with the administra-

The Foreign Affairs Commit-

tee bad intensive discussions over

sion of the Vietnam war.

oo Tuesday.

In the Senate. Massachusetts

endorsed military action.

Congressmen vote to

back Bush in Gulf crisis

and the majority would probably

Mutlaka said the farm was thinking of importing labour from Egypt or from India to replace the Yemenis.

Egypt has sent troops to the multinational force massing in Saudi Arabia and has vast supplies of cheap labour, especially after the Gulf crisis drove tens of thousands of Egyptians out of Kuwait and Iraq.

Saudi nationalism was at a peak in Najran Monday because of a visit by Defence Minister Prince Sultan, who is on a tour of the southern front.

Prince Sultan viewed Saodi auction fro two per cent of their army tanks, howitzers, armoured personnel carriers and mutliple rocket launchers at a parade ground in the town, 18 kilometres from the border.

One draft said the United

States should use diplomatic and

other nonmilitary means "to the

extent possible" to achieve its

read as opening the way to milit-

ary action against Iraq, the word-

ing was changed to say the United

States "shall continue to empha-

sise" the use of oon-military and

United States sought uncon-

ditiooal withdrawal of Iraqi

tion of Kuwait's "legitimate"

It commended Bush for his

efforts to promote an internation-

al consensus on policy in the Gulf

and said the United States should

continue to seek a consensus to

cootain Iraq's weapons produc-

tion, address regional military

concerns and ensure that conven-

tional weapons transferred to the

region reflected legitimate secur-

The measure affirmed that the

Because of fears this could be

objectives in the Gulf.

diplomatic measures.

government

ity needs.

Saudi Arabia would never accept Israeli defence aid, says leader

WASHINGTON — Saudi Arabia would fight alone against Iraq rather than stay in an alliance which included Israel as even a de facto ally, the kingdom's thirdranking leader has said.

According to yesterday's Washington Post, Defence Minister Prince Sultan told reporters on an inspection tour of Saudi forces that "Israel must stay far away from the Gulf problem."

Sultan, a brother of King Fahd and second-in-line to the throne, said, "we will not allow Israel, regardless how severe inter-Arab conflicts become, to defend us against Iraq or against anybody else — let ir be very well understood.

The paper said his remarks were the first public comment by a senior Saudi official of how Riyadh would react if .Saddam Hussein carried out his threat to transform the crisis over his seizure of Kuwait into an Arab-

An Israeli embassy spokesman said Sultan's statement contra-

dicted the moderate image of the Saudis portrayed in the U.S. "Ir. the first time a Saudi official said anything about Israel — what they really think, that they'd rather go it alone than be with Israel.

However, a Senate staffer who works for a member on the Fore-in ign Relations Committee said Sultan's remark "will be over-looked. We've also overlooked those other remarks by Sand commanders to their troops that "we know you'd rather be fighting with your Iraqi brothers for Jerusalem. If I was going to get upset at everything the Sandis said. I'd have higher blood press. ure than I do now."

(Crown Prince Abdullah told Saudi troops readying for combat against Iraq that he hoped he would meet them one day "alongside your Iraqi comrades in arm and all other Arab armies to head toward restoring usurped rights in Palestine," according to Ashraq Al Awsat as cited in the Aug. 23 issue of Mideast Mirror.) - The Jerusalem Post.

Saudis expect more weapons from U.S.

DHAHRAN (R) — Saudi Arabili are over...no-one will oppose the believes it will get everything what is needed to stabilise the on its military shopping list when U.S. forces eventually withdraw from the Gulf despite cuts in a huge arms package from the United States.

forces from Kuwait and restora-The kingdom facing Baghdad's armies across its borders with Iraq and Kuwait, wants to buy It expressed support for Bush's tank-killing helicopters, combat emphasis on diplomatic efforts, jets, missiles and tanks in a \$21international sanctions and oegobillion deal, the biggest peace-time arms sale by the U.S. tiations under United Nations au-

"They want to give us what is needed now and postpone a decision on the rest till later because of fears of triggering an arms race in the Middle East," a Saudi source said Tuesday

Washington said Thursday it would sell \$6.7 billion in tanks, helicopters and other arms to Sandi Arabia.

Saudi military sources said the kingdom did not view the cut in the arms deal as a major setback. post-crisis situation, the sources Rivadh believed sales of the said.

approved during 1991 when it was hoped the crisis sparked by the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait would have been resolved, they said. "The days when arms sales to

Saudi Arabia are controversial

what is needed to stabilise the area in the future." one source

"We expect that eventually the remainder of arms will come through in one form or another, we have legitimate defence requirements and we are sure our friends will come through for us,

Saudi and Western diplomatic sources said the main reason the U.S. congress had opposed the proposed package of fighter jets, tanks and missiles was the size of the deal.

The Israeli government also raised strong objections.

Many of the weapon included

in the initial package, including F-15 fighter jets, would not be ready for several years. The U.S. administratioo decided to postpone a decision for some months to get a clear picture of the

remaining weapons would de ... "It makes sense to wait a sew approved during 1991 when it was months to see what the picture looks like then - most likely it will look unsettled enough so more arms sales will go through," one Riyadh-based western diplomat

Israel allows Bethlehem University to reopen

BETHLEHEM, Occupied West Moshe Arens has already allowed Bank (R) — Bethlehem University reopened Tuesday, the first in the occupied territories to resume classes since Israel shut all Arab universities during the Palestinian uprising.

University spokesman Musa Darwish said about 1,400 people registered for classes, about the same oumber of students the university had before it was

"Classes have begun with a hopeful feeling that they will be able to continue," Darwish told Renters. "We have had no problems with soldiers. We asked the (Israeli) civil administration to

Military officials said Beth-lehem would be a "test case" for

I6 Arab community colleges to reopen as part of a policy to ease tensioo in the occupied territor-

closed by the army 35 months

keep the soldiers away so they would not provoke the students."

the five other Arab universities in a scheduled 210 in the year which the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip that have been shut throughout the revolt as hotbeds of Palestinian nationalism and staging grounds for violence. Israeli Defeoce Minister

Bethlehem University was

more closed more than a month before the uprising began in De-cember 1987 following a clish between soldiers and students in which an Arab was shot dead. Israel has faced international

condemnation over school dosures. An Israeli human rights group accused the government Mooday of closing Palestinian schools as a form of collective punishment for the uprising.

Betselem, the Israeli Information Centre for Human Rights in the Occupied Territories, said schools in the West Bank aver aged only 99 days of classes out of ended last month.

Many schools where there had been no clashes between pupils and Israeli forces had been closed as "collective punishment," it said in a report.

MARKET PRICES

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Unknown group claims Djibouti bomb attack

DJIBOUTI (R) — A unknown group calling itself the "Movement for Djiboun Youth" has claimed responsibility for a grenade attack last week against a cafe popular with Freoch troops in which a boy died and 17 people were initired.

Official sources said Tuesday a leaflet from the group was found in a taxi used for last Thursday's attack against the crowded Cafe de Paris in the centre of the

bustling Red Sea port. They said a letter from the same group was sent to the office of the Djibouri president on Sept. 12 vowing revenge for planned Western aggression against Iraq and threatening French, U.S. and British targets in the city.

Since Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on Aug. 2. France has increased its military presence in its former colony from a permanent 4,000 troops agreed in a 1977 pact to more than 13,000.

According to the sources, the letter started in "view of ... your oext aggressioo against our brother people of Iraq, we will act on the ground and will kill French, English and Americans who find themselves isolated in



Israeli army Major Yitzhak Levite (left) and Captain Ofer Reshef

days of the intifada. "Everyone is equally responsible," he told re-

"I am oot sorry for the orders I gave; they accurately reflected the orders of my superiors," he "I have nothing against Yitzhak Mordechai, who said. gave us orders to use force. All the brigade commanders from the Gaza Strip testified that those were his orders. It harts me that Col. Fein was the only one who testified differently.

Throughout the trial, Levite platooo which was "run like a mafia" by its veteran senior nonstressed that his orders had recommissioned officers, and thus flected the orders giveo to him. he foood it difficult to take coo-He said that "new norms" of conduct were set at the beginning trol of his meo. They also said a local commander could find himof the iotifada, and criticised self caught in a "grey area," where iodividual instructions senior IDF officers for oot accepting responsibility. were not given to units that found

He was found guilty of allowing the iocideot to take place, although he knew "full well" what was going on. Originally, be had been charged with giving orders to capture rioters, remove them from crowded locations so as not to cause an uproar, and then break their arms and legs.

The judges found that there were convincing reports that Col. Fein ordered beatings as punishment and eveo beat Arabs himself. "His violent behaviour became the norm, and was takeo as an example by those under his command," the judges said.

The four soldiers said they

planned to appeal against their conviction.

Rights Movement), who said he originally brought the case to the attention of the military authorities after receiving four affidavits from a Gaza lawyer in March 1988, agreed that the four solould oot be responsible for what happened in the early days of the intifada. He expressed disappointment

MK Dedi Zucker (Citizen)

that the trial focused on a "specific case" instead of drawing atteotion to "circumstances and policy" prevailing at the time. "This nate was created by high-ranking officers. higher even than Mordechai, who were obeying orders from then Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Judge Advocate General Amoon Strashnow Sarah Honig and Michal

Yudelman add: Shinni MK Avraham Poraz said that "as usual it is the soldier who gets punished while the opper

echelons get away with everything. The Likud argued that when all the legal proceedings are over, including scotencing and possible appeals, the defendants must be pardooed because they were acting as the situation required. The Likud also coodemned the left "for again seeking to make it

tain law and order." The Labour Party, however, declined to comment oo the ver-

impossible for the IDF to main-

Patriot missiles ited States will send Israel two James Baker held talks with Arab foreign ministers last Friday,

Israel to get U.S.

batteries of Patriot anti-missile missiles, the White House announced Monday. Presideot George Bush in-

formed Congress of the decision Sunday and "reaffirmed his strong commitment to U.S.-Israel friendship and to the security of Israel," the announcement said. There was oo action on an Israeli request for 15 F-15A fight-

States is retiring from its stocks in Europe. David Ivri, director general of the Israeli defence ministry, requested the Patriot hatteries and the fighter jets in late August.

er planes, which the United

Defence Secretary Dick Chency assured Israeli Defence Minister Moshe Areos last mooth in Washington that Israel would receive the Patriots as well as F-15A and F-15B jets, diplomane sources said.

Arens also asked for \$1 hillion in emergency aid to Israel and an increase in an annual U.S. military assistance grant from \$1.8 billion to \$2.5 billion.

Meanwhile, the U.S. government disclosed last week a \$7.54billion arms sale to Saudi Arabia. The Patriot sale to Israel will oot require congressional approval, as the Saudi deal does, becaose Busb declared it ao

emergency delivery.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

State Department officials, speaking on condition of anonymity, gave assurances the United States would "defend" Israel in an Iraqi attack. "If Iraq attacks Israel, the U.S.

will respond immediately and forcefully against Iraq," one of the officials told reporters. "It's that simple." Asked if U.S. troops in the

Gulf area would be used to defend Israel, the official replied: "The Americao forces are there. Obviously they are there to defend against Iraqi aggression. And if that Iraqi aggressioo ex-

tended against Israel, the Amer-

ican forces would react to that." The United States and Israel do not have a mutual defence treaty. While the United States seot Israel weapoos doriog Mideast wars. Israeli governments have insisted they do not want American soldiers fighting in the battles.

"We have a commitment to Israeb 'security' that is rock-hard and unshakeable," the second official said. "There is nothing new in that. It's been there for a long time."
"If there is a threat to Israel

that commitment to Israel's security comes into effect," he

JORDAN	TELEVISIO

PROGRAMME ONE

Tel: 773111-19

		Koran
	15:49	Programme review
	15:45	Programme review Children's programme
	17:30	. Educational programme
	15-40	News summary in Arabic
	14-05	Cairo news message
	10.30	Cano news message
	20.00	Local programme
		News III Arabic
		Arabic series
1	21:30	Arabic programme
:	23:00	News in Arabic
	23:40	Play
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CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swei	Ceb,
Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church.	Tel.
632785.	
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Assumptiation	Tel
637440.	161
De la Saille Church Tel. 661757 Terrananta Church Tel: 622366	
Church of the Assumistion	Tel.
623541.	
Anglican Church Tel. 625383, 628543.	I CL.
Armenian Catholic Church	Tel.
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WEATHER

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Aqaba
Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 25, Aqaba 31. Humidity readings: Amman 73 per cent, Aqaba 38 per cent.
USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS
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AMMAN: Dr. Issam Al Kayed

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IRBID: Dr. Lawrence Bader(—) Al Sharas' pharmacy	Radio Jos Water Ax Jordan El

ass Al Sharabati ... **EMERGENCIES** Civil Defence Department 661111

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Electric Power Queen Alia Inti. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

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Akilch Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2
Jabel Amman Maternity 642362
Melhes, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeirani 664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital 669131
University Hospital 845845
Al Menshar Venden
Al-Mussber Hospital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali 6641646
Italian, Al-Muhaireen 777301/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashratich 775111/26
Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
Copert Virg Lamburg 00575/020
Areal Hospital 674155
ZARQA:
Zeros Govt. Hospital (09)983323
Zaroz National Hospital (09)991071
Ibe Sina Hospital (09)986732
DESID:
Princess Bassna Hospital (02)275555
Control Control Vondent
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibu Al Nafors Hospital, (02)247100
The Al Natocs Hospital (02)247100

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1)

QUEEN ALIA

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Japanese Socialist Party urges peaceful.solution to Gulf crisis

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Japanese Socialist Party believes that the loyment of foreign forces in the Gulf has complicated the Gulf crisis and that only a peaceful solution should be found for the oblem through the United Naions, according to the leader of a legence parliamentary deleganon now on a visit to Jordan.

The Japanese Socialist Party is siging the Japanese government is Tokyo to seek a peaceful solution to the problem, and to help servent resoring to military force, said Osamu Yatabe, member of the Japanese Socialist Party and head of the parliamentary delegadon at a meeting with Spekaer of he Lower House of Parliament m Arat and House mem-

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The Socialist Party, Yatabe added, is against Japan's in-egvention and against Japanese sooperation with the multination-

"Since World War I, basic of the Gulf crisis, Arar pointed to issues in the Middle East have the severedamage inflicted to the remained unresolved, but the United Nations should now take the initiative to find a comprehensive solutions for all these problems," Yatabe said.

Arar underlined Japan's political and economic role in the world and paid tribute to the strong ties between Amman and

He told the visitors that the massing of troops in the Gulf was designed to destroy Iraq's military power in the hope of seizing the oil fields and noted that the presence of the foreign armies in the Gulf constitutes a provoca-tion for the Islamic nations. Arar said that U.N. Security

Council resolutions should be im-

conficit to end the Israeli occupa-

tion of Arab lands.

emented in the Arab-Israeli

Jordanian economy as a result of the application of sanctions on The meeting comes on the eve of a visit here by Japan's Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu, who is

course of a five nation tour in the Middle East. The Japanese parliamentary delegation also met with the speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi and House members to review Middle

due here Wednesday in the

Yatabe repeated his party's opposition to the use of force as a cans to settle the Gulf crisis. Lawzi said Jordan was against war, colonialism, injustice and dictatorship, and was seeking cooperation with all nations to enhance democracy and international cooperation

Prince Mohammad turns 50

AMMAN (J.T) - His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, the personal representative of His Majesty King Hussein, Tuesday celebrated his 50th birthday.

Prince Mohammad was born in Amman Oct. 2, 1940 and received his elementary education at the Islamic Scientific College in Amman, after which he attended a Swiss academic institution. Later, he pursued his studies in Britism. In 1956, he joined the military college in Baghdad for one year.

Prince Mohammad has acted as Regent for King Hussein on several occasions. He has held several posts, including president of the Jordanian Tribesmen Council in 1971 and president of the Higher Tourism Committee in 1977. Prince Mohammad is also the present chairman of the



Jordan Shooting Federation and Jordan Chess Federation.

Jordanian drivers complain Saudis damage trucks

UMARI, Jordan (R) - Jorda- ities cancelled their multiple ennian truck drivers at this desert border point complained of Saudi harrassment, but there was little sign Amman's ban on transit trade to Saudi Arabia and the Gulf had begun to bite on Tuesday.

Angry drivers arriving from Saudi Arabia pointed to holes smashed in their vehicles by Sandi customs meo. They said trucks with Jordanian goods were turned back at the border.

From yesterday the Saudis started preventing trucks going to Saudi Arabia with Jordanian goods and were also stopping all trucks going the other way with goods for Jordan," truck driver Jibreel Mahmoud told Reuters.

Drivers said a convoy of 50 Turkish, Syrian and Lebanese trucks carrying con-Jordanian goods crossed from Jordan Tuesday despite Jordan's decision Monday to stop cargo for Saudi and Gulf destinations from crossing its territory.

A security source said the measure was being applied at Jor-dan's Ramtha border post with Syria and no action was being taken against oon-Jordaoian trucks already in the Kingdom. A Syrian driver, Ghazwan

Kumi, said Saudi officials had turned him back because he was carrying olives grown in Jordan. The drivers said Saudi authortry visas and issued them instead with 38-hour transit permits to allow them to return to Jordan from the Gulf countries.

"May God punish them all," said an angry driver pointing to tomatoes rotting in his truck at the Umari border, 140 kilometres southeast of Amman.

The drivers said some Jordamian truckers were stuck at the Saudi border. "They don't have any food or water so we gave them what provisions we had." one said.

"Yesterday I drove to the Saudi border with my load of vegetables. The border officials asked me where it was from and when I said Jordan, they turned me back," Said Jawad said.

Aoother Jordaoian driver made a victory sign as he drove into Umari from Saudi Arabia. "Victory to Iraq, shame on the Arabs," he screamed from the wobaiw.

Saudi Arabia, until recently Jordan's main source of financial aid, has been unhappy with Amman's sympathy for Iraq since Iraqi troops invaded Kuwait on

Aug. 2. Saudi-Jordanian ties worsened after a pro-Iraqi conference in Amman last month attacked

Saudi Arabia for allowing U.S.led forces into its soil and demanded the overthrow of Gulf rulers. for other Gulf states.

Saudi Arabia cut oil supplies to Jordan and reduced the number of diplomats in the Kingdom. It also closed its own military, labour and cultural offices in Am-

Haikal Al-Miffeh, head of a union of drivers of refrigerator trucks, said his members might have attacked Sandi-bonnd trucks from Turkey or Syris if the government had not decided to keep them out of Jordan. "Their

livelihood is at stake." "It's a disaster," he told Reuters. "Our tomatoes are being dumped in the street. There's no price. You can store industrial goods for a week or a month, but

not fruit and vegetables." Fahd Al-Azab, director of Jordan's state-ruo Agricultural Marketing Company, said farm prices had slumped.

"Our farmers did not pick their crops yesterday because they

don't want a glut, but they can't go on like that," he said. Azab said Monday that until August Jordan had exported up to 400,000 tonnes of fruit and vegetables to Saudi Arabia and Gulf states worth 100 million

dinars (\$150 million). Mifleh said 70 to 80 Jordanian refrigerator trucks usually head south daily with op to 2,000 tonnes of farm produce, 80 per cent of it for Saudi Arabia and the rest

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed sime and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- A Open studio and workshop for artist Samin Zaru displaying pointings, sculptures and hand-pointed fabrics. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Resembla (9:36-1:36 and 3:30-6:36).
- & Archaeological exhibition entitled "Al Lajjan a Roman Frontier Fort" at the Department of Antiquities' Registration and Research Centre, Jabai Austran.
- * Plastic art exhibition at the Jordan Plastic Art Association. * Plastic art exhibition by Jordanian artists Make and Ahmed Al Syouf at the Royal Cultural Centre.

LECTURE

& Locture, in Arabic, entitled "The Establishment of the Islan State Between Reality and Imagination" at the Royal Cultural Centre -- 6:30 p.m.

FILM

* Feature film entitled "Angel" at the British Council - 6:00

Segour: Achievements in child care remarkable, but more needs to be done

AMMAN (J.T.) - Despite the great achievements in child care in Jordan, the country is still facing major challeoges and needs to double efforts to meet the needs of the growing oumber of population, according to Dr. Mohammad Segour, secretary-general of the Ministry of Social Development.

"The fact that a World Summit for Children has been organised at the United Nations headquarters in New York, means that the world community admits that the needs of children are far from being met, and that the need is great for more funds and more efforts to give children the care. protection and convenient climate for natural and healthy growth they require" said Seqour in commenting at the conclusion of a two-day summit held in New York last week.

For the first time ever more than 70 world leaders assembled at the U.N. headquarters to discuss the best means of providing

for children. The event provided a unique opportunity for world leaders to look into means of giving priority in their plans and policies for children and their

In a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Sequer said that the Ministry of Social Development in Jordan had encouraged and actively participated in the establishment of nurseries and kindergartens to give care for children, it had been backing voluntary and charitable societies' endeavours in the field of providing for the deprived and orphaned children by finding foster mothers for them or giving them care at orphanges.

So far the total number of nurseries established in Jordan has reached 321, caring for almost 6,000 children and the Ministry of Social Development has just finalised work on a law on childhood, the government has ratified an international char-

ter on the rights of the child, thus adopting the proper framework for assisting children in every possible manner, Segour said.

Secont voiced the ministry's appreciation of the work of voluotary societies which are helping the ministry with its work in caring for children and noted that several public committee, like the Higher Council for the Care of Children, having been coordinating their work with the ministry and the voluntary societies in this field.

In his statement Sequer proposed mobilising the Jordanian society towards the goal of giving further attention to children's basic needs, supporting the rights of children, developing mother and child health care centres and bridging the gap in services pro-vided for children in urban regions on the one hand and the badia and rural areas of Jordan

Jordan to produce oil from shale

AMMAN (J.T.) - In the light of the soaring prices of oil due to the Gulf crisis, the Natural Resources Anthority (NRA) said Tnesday that it was contemplating the utilisation of Jordan's estimated 40 billion tonnes of oil shale to produce oil.

NRA officials were quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, as saying that at least four billioo tonnes of oil could be extracted from the shale which is found in great quantities in five regions: Lejoun, Sultani, Jurf Al Darawish, Wadi Al Attarat and Wadi Madar, and that the oil shale found in these areas has been proved to be among the best in the world.

Direct tests conducted in West Germany on oil shale taken from these areas in 1988 yielded very cocouraging results, according to NRA officials.

At the time when the tests were conducted the oil prices were low and the cost of producing oil from shale was very high, the officials said. Now in the light of the soaring prices of oil there is serious thinking of setting up experimental stations in Jordan to produce oil from shale, NRA

They said that plans could soon be made for the otilisation of the oil shale, and tenders could be floated to attract international firms to embark on the scheme.

The officials expressed hope that funds could first be made available to finalise studies and tests before the projected experimeotal stations can be set up. Jordan consumes up to 22 mil-

lion barrels of oil annually worth

at current prices more than \$600 On Sept. 19 Saudi Arabia cut off oil supplies to Jordan and the Kingdom said it would have to resort to imports of oil from other

sources to meet the local needs. Minister of energy and mineral resources last month announced the discovery of a new gas well at Rishe, near the border with Iraq, and said the well's output would be used to generate electricity.

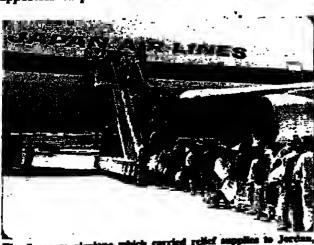
THE JORDAN- JAPAN FRIENDSHIP ASSOCIATION WELCOMES PRIME MINISTER KAIFU TO JORDAN

A Message of Welcome from the Jordan-Japan Friendship Association

The Jordan-Japan Friendship Association is delighted and privileged to welcome in Amman H.E. Mr. Toshiki Kaifu, prime minister of Japan on his visit to the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan wishing His Excellency a happy stay and successful deliberations with the Jordanian authorities.

The Association, which has a counterpart in Tokyo named the Japan-Jordan Friendship Association, is pleased to note the growing horizon of friendship and understanding between Jordan and Japan on both the official and popular levels, and considers this exemplary friendship free from self-centred interests, a vital bridge in the support of world peace.

The Association very thankfully appreciates the human, financial and technical aid to Jordan and extending of concessionary loans for the advancement of Jordan's economic and social development, making particular mention of the human assistance granted for the alleviation of the sufferings of evacuees without discrimination. It also takes opportunity of this distinguished and historic visit to express its heartfelt admiration of Japan's remarkable progress and inventive achievements, strongly hoping that cooperation between both countries will further expand as they are both ardent supporters of peace and welfare in the world.



KAIFU'S VISIT TO ENHANCE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN JAPAN AND JORDAN



Prime Minister Kalfu Message to the Jordanian People

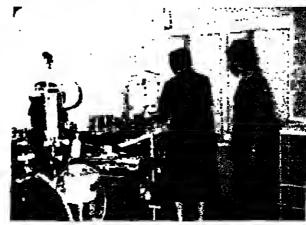
The Japanese people have a high esteem and a sense of affinity with Jordan and its people who enjoy rich historical and cultural heritage on the crossroads of great

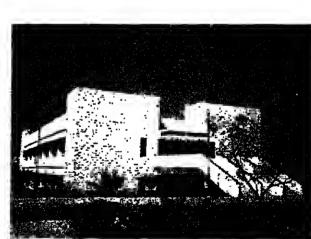
It is indeed a great pleasure for me to make a second visit to Jordan after the lapse of five years and the very first as a prime minister of Japan.

I wish to express my sincere respect for the untiring efforts of His Majesty King Hussein and other Jordanian leaders for maintaining the political stability in the Middle East and the economic and social development in Jordan under extremely difficult circumstances.

I am also fully aware that Jordan, while making a considerable sacrifice, has been striving towards a solution of the current Gulf crisis.

During my stay in your country, I sincerely wish to have fruitful exchanges of views with His Majesty King Hussein and other leaders, and hope that my visit will lead to further enhancing the partnership between Japan



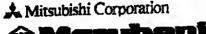


Electronic Service Training Centre of RSS established by Japanese





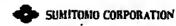
The Japanese Companies Welcome the visit of the Prime Minister Kaifu to Jordan

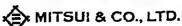




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Jordan Times

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New superpower is born

AT midnight yesterday, a new Germany that promises to change the political and economic structure of both Europe and the world was born. Many of Germany's European partners are welcoming the rebirth of a united Germany with apprehension. On the top of the list of the European countries which have shown deep anxiety and reservations is of course Britain.

The Western fears stem from the fact that the new Germany will be an economic superpower and in due course a political superpower as well. No wonder Moscow hinted a few days ago that the new Germany should occupy a permanent seat in the United Nations Security Council to reflect its true weight on both the economic and political levels. It is only natural and logical that united Germany should in due course seek and receive a permanent seat on the U.N. Security Council. Any other course would be an anomaly that cannot withstand the test of time. The sooner the United Nations Charter is amended to facilitate this objective the better would the cause of peace and security be served by the comity of nations. Only the existing permament members of the Security Council need to consent to such an amendment and it is doubtful that any one of the five powers would hesitate for too long to see the facts as

Arab community leaders say There is already too much concentration of power in the hands of the five big powers and something needs to be done to expand the membership of the U.N. Security Council to against Muslims. reflect the phenomenal expansion of United Nations mem-

United Nations and it is no longer tenable to restrict the permanent membership of the principal U.N. organ for peace and security to only five powers. In due course Japan as well must be invited to occupy a permanent seat on the Security Council. With such expanded membership, the U.N. Security Council would become better placed to pronounce itself on the international and regional conflicts and disputes of the world. For one thing, the conflicts and issues of the Middle East and the Gulf stand to profit a great deal from the presence of Germany and Japan among the permanent members of the Security Council in order to provide that important U.N. body with more balanced perspectives on matters that threaten international security. For much too long the existing five permanent members widen its horizon to reflect the broadest spectrum of

bership. There are more than 160 member countries of the

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AS the Gulf crisis enters its third month Tuesday, the foreign forces arrayed against Iraq are still hesitant about launching an aggression on the Arab country because Washington realises too well that any military action will be tantamount to a suicide. Al Ra'l Arabic daily said Tnesday. The paper said that should an aggression take place, all the colonial powers' interests in the Arab region will be destroyed once and for all. The paper expressed astonishment at insistence by Britain and a leader of an Arab country, which it did not name, on urging the United States to launch a war on Iraq. Perhaps the paper said, Britain is taking this attitude to bring about devastation to the region's oil wealth so as united Germany and France might be strangled and remain under the U.S.-Anglo influence after 1992. But the leader of an Arab country's persistence that Iraq should be attacked is very astonishing, indeed at a time when that leader has forgotten everything about neighbouring Israel and its atrocities against Arabs, said the paper. The paper said that be only way to settle the Gulf crisis is through dialogue and political means; and Iraq's Aug. 12 initiative to end the crisis remains the only feasible way to achieve

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily calls on Yemen in its capacity as member of the U.N. Security Council to demand a special council session to discuss the dangerous situation in the occupied Arab territories. Such a session is needed now to expose Israel's atrocities in lands under its control, and to put the international community face to face with its responsibilities, says Mahmoud Rimawi. We want the U.N. Security Council to implement its own resolutions issued more than 23 years ago so that right and justice can be established in our region and so that all elements of threat to world peace and security can end, the writer notes. Rimawi says we do not want to see the Security Council succumbing only to the will and the whims of certain world powers, but rather as a means of bringing about justice and peace without any bias. A Security Council session on Palestine should not be dedicated only to exposing Israel's criminal actions to the world, but should rather serve as a starting point for a total Israeli withdrawal from the occupied Arab territories, the writer demands. The voice of justice and right should rise above all the other voices, and slogans. And the world community should be reminded of its duty towards ending the sufferings of the oppressed people of Palestine, says Rimawi. He says that such Security Council session will serve as a test to the will of the international community and will put to the test all those voices that have been bragging about the need for upholding international principles and respecting United Nations legality.

Al Dustour daily on Tuesday expressed deep regret over Saudi Arabia's hostile actions towards Jordan and said that such actions on the part of Riyadh are contrary to civilised manners and the rudiments of the Islamic faith. The paper said that terminating the employment of innocent Jordanian civilians, stopping trucks from entering Saudi Arabian territory, cutting off oil supplies to Jordan and expelling Jordanian diplomats are all forms of hostile actions. indicating hysterical behaviour, the paper noted. It said that Rivadh is blinded by its hatred towards Jordan and is now taking vent on the Jordanian people living in Saudi Arabia in a bid to exercise pressure on Jordan to change its official stand vis-a-vis the Saudi-U.S. alliance in the Arabian peninsula. By driving out Jordanian, Palestinian and Yemeni nationals and by taking hostile moves towards other Arab countries, Saudi Arabia can never achieve any of its objectives, the paper said.

In the oil market, Bush is reaping what he sowed

TWO months after the erup-tion of the Gulf crisis and the acrobatic display of military might put on by Mr. Bush, it is clear that the American policy in the Gulf has decisively and decidedly defeated its purpose, provided, of course, that this purpose was honestly declared as being to guarantee the undisrupted flow of oil at reasonable, some say tolerable, prices. It does not need an analyst or an academician to figure this out. By embargoing the Iraqi and Kuwaiti oil exports under Security Council resolution, virtually ordered by the United States, oil flows from the Gulf area have been disrupted. And by injecting this unprecedented amount of tension round the world through the insistent and non-

stop beating of war drums as loud as possible to scare President Saddam out of Kuwait, Mr. Bush ended up only scaring oil markets and dealers. This has taken the oil price forcefully through all the frontiers of tolerance and reasonableness. At \$40 a barrel, the oil price does not seem to have travelled as far as what is warranted by the saber-rattling policy of an American president whose eyes are firmly focused on polls more than on anything else, human lives noc excluded

It is really puzzling to find Mr. Bush and his administration puzzling at the recent steep rise in oil prices, considering that there has been no physical shortage in oil supplies. It is what markets expect about oil supplies that really matters, patriotic of political and even partiotic rhetoric. Under the present American policy that takes every opport unity to emphasise and reemphasise the non-ruling out of the military option, the markets have to expect that oil supplies will be badly disrupted. In the face of that, a rational market can only hedge against such a possibility by stepping up demand for oil and building stocks. Mr. Bush can go on lecturing markets and dealers and preaching oil companies against this price unbidding but nobody will heed his advice, or ill-advice.

Five days after the takeover of Kuwait, I wrote in this space that the long-term and staying effects of the military con-

not to mention now the outbreak of hostilities, did not seem to be built in the American policy and its attitude towards the Kuwaiti crisis. This hypothesis looks now more accurate. The jump in oil prices is one testimony in this respect. However, Mr. Bush, his aides and the thousands of American experts and analysts watching and monitoring the whole world from the offices of the White House, State Department, Pentagon and the CIA will fool themselves and their president, if they believe that the price of oil will not fly very much higher if the war fever continues or that it will descend to "tolerable" levels before a very long time after the dust of the Kuwaiti crisis

Through its impact on oil prices, the policy pursued by Mr. Bush has already damaged the East European economies and those of the Third World constries, apart from the adverse effects of the sanctions on their exports and workers' remittances. The indirect impact of these distortions will show only in the longer run. through their lagged effects on investment and living standards in these countries. And it will avail them naught to say that the sanctions, embargo on Iraq and Kuwait oil and the consequential damage were in compliance with the resolutions of the United Nations, or United States, Security Council. Add to this the economic fallout of the crisis on the

economies, represented mainly in the strengthening of recessionary trends and you will get a fair idea of the bleak economic prospects which lie ahead. We must also remember that recession in industrial countries does not only affect the industrial societies but also Third World countries as it depresses demand for their exports. And we have not said anything yet about the effects of a breakout of war, which will go far beyond a wild jump in oil prices. If Mr. Bush goes on with his gunboat policy and pushes it to its plausibly logical conclusion of war, economic chaos will grip the world. Future American presidents will have to toil in order to remedy the repercussions of the decisions of the present president.

Muslims: Australian media inciting racism

By Michael Perry

SYDNEY - The television commentator leans across her desk and asks her guest: "Are you Arab first or Australian?" Switch the channel and a reporter chases a man of Middle East appearance down the street, yelling: "Why do you support Saddam Hussein."

'Their (the country's 300,000 Muslims) loyalty to Australia is being questioned. Yet non-Arabs who speak out against Australia's involvement in the Gulf are not being vilified in the same way." said Steven Mark of the New South Wales Anti-Discrimination Board.

that what they call jingoistic reporting by the local media has led to threats of violence Majed Kheir, spokesman for told to go back where they

Sydney's Lebanese Muslim Association, said someone claiming to represent eight Australian soldiers had threatened reprisals if any Australians in Kuwait or Iraq were harmed.

"He also said all Arabs in Australia should be interned (in camps) like the Jews during the World War 11." said Kheir.

Kheir said his mosque in Sydney had been evacuated twice because of bomb threats. Women, dressed in their traditional hijah, and children have been the main targets of ani-

"We have heard reports of Muslim women being harangued in the streets, of Arab children being taunted in school playgrounds, of Arab housholds being threatened with violence," said Mark. "Arabs are now being vili-

fied daily in our streets and

came from. Some Arab families feel afraid to leave their homes." he said

Camille Shalala, head of Sydney's Lebanese Christian Club. said: "Our people and children fear to express their views and opinions because... they will be discriminated and persecuted for them."

Arab community leaders accuse the Australian media of inciting racism through sensational reporting.

Shortly after Australia decided to send two guided missile frigates and a supply ship to the Gulf. Sydney's Arablanguage. Lebanese community newspaper Al Bairak ran an editorial criticising the deci-

The next day the mass circulation Daily Telegraph reported: "Australia is now an enemy in the eyes of the majority of its 300,000 Middle Eastern migrants, according to Sydney's leading Lebanese and Arab newspapers."
The Daily Telegraph story

prompted radio personality John Laws, one of Sydney's most influential commentators, to comment: "Well, if we are the enemy, once again let me say, 'go bome."

But according to the anthor of the editorial there was no mention of divided loyalties in the piece he wrote.

Kheir said Australian Muslims had the right to voice their opinions in a democratic socie-

"Not everyone in the ALP (Australian Labour Party) agrees with the decision to send ships, but no one wants to ask them are they loyal or disloyal." he said.

Media executives unanimously reject charges of jingoistic reporting.

"I think you have to say, given the circumstances of having Australian servicemen and women travelling to the Gulf, there's a far lower level ofjingoism than most other nations in our position," said Daily Telegraph editor David Banks. "I was in Britain during the Falklands conflict and there was a lot more jingo-

"The whole tenor in the Telegraph's report was the correct interpretation of what was said at the time, but because reaction to the story was so strong it became a national issue," he said.

ism.

Kevin Hitchcock, news director for the Channel Ten television network, said: "I don't think we have (been jingoistic) at all. That (the Al Bairak editorial) was a legitimate angle to follow up. I think our coverage has been balanced."

Nevertheless the Australian Arab community is preparing a

Arab leaders also intend voicing complaints at the Australian broadcasting tribunal's

belp but form opinions from what they watch on television or read in the papers." Kheir said. "We don't want stricter rules governing the media, but we do want them to be more responsible and for people to

Stepan Kerkyasharian, chairman of the Ethnic Affairs Commission of New South Wales, said jingoistic reporting has sown the seeds of disharmony within the community.

"What some people are inadvertently doing is laying the foundations for hostility," he said, "There's the potential for violence and death if war erupts in the Middle East and case against the media for the Anti-Discrimination Board. Australians are killed."

Iran gains from Gulf crisis

By Ed Blanche The Associated Press

NICOSIA - Iran's resumption of relations with Britain, ending a 19-month rift over Salman Rushdie's "the Satanic Verses," caps two months of non-stop political, military and economic gains for Tehran since its old foe, Iraq, invaded

For the last few-weeks, evcrything seems to have been going Iran's way amid the chaos touched off by the Iraqi invasion last month.

The Gulf crisis is far from being resolved. But Tehran, courted by both sides, is already looking like one of the winners from the confrontation between two of its old enemies, Iraq and the United

The irony is that Tehran owes much of what it has gained to Iraq, which it fought from 1980 to 1988 in a war that had no victor, only victims.

In many ways, Iran has achieved more in the last two months than it has done in the decade of upbeaval and war that followed the 1979 Islamic revolution.

Iraq's invasion of Kuwait gave Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani a golden opportunity to accelerate his efforts to end the Islamic republic's isolation, improve relations with the West and secure investment and advanced technology to rebuild the economy. Last week, Iran boasted it

has taken delivery of advanced MiG-29 interceptors for its badly depleted air force under a \$6 billion economic and milit-

ary agreement with Moscow. A well-informed source said the Iranians have at least 14 of the fighters. The Tehran Times daily, which often reflects Rafsanjani's thinking, said Moscow will "sell more arms to the Islamic republic."

Restoring relations with London will likely speed up Rafsanjani's efforts to normalise links with Western Europe and hopefully herald the release of British hostages held

Four Britons are among the 13 Westerners missing in Lebanon. Most are believed held by pro-Tranian militants

The Tehran Times noted Saturday: "The complete normalisation of Iranian relations with the European Community (EC) can lead to extensive cooperation in many areas, particularly the Persian Gulf

Tebran severed relations with Britain March 7, 1989, over Rushdie's novel which Iran's late revolutionary leader, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, deemed blasphemed Islam. He issued a religious ruling condemning Rushdie to death.

Britain refused Iranian demands to ban the book and denounce Rushdie. Iran refused to lift the death sentence, even after Khomeini died in

The 12 EC nations withdrew their ambassadors from Tehran in solidarity with Britain after Khomeini's death decree. Most later sent their envoys back, but have withheld full normalisation until relations with Britain were res-

Thursday's announcement that relations are being restored did not spell out the agreement beyond saying it was based on "mutual respect."

But British Foreign Secret-ary Douglas Hurd stressed that Iranian leaders had indicated there would be no interference in the "internal affairs of any other country."

That was interpreted to mean that Iran would quietly drop the death sentence on Rushdie, without publicly re-

In the last few days, Iran has also restored relations with Tunisia, severed in 1987 amid allegations Tehran was backing Muslim fundamentalists seeking to topple the government. There are signs too of a thaw in the frosty fend with Saudi Arabia.

 Some analysts and diplomats are talking about including Iran in a new regional defence alliance with Egypt, Turkey. Syria and Saudi Arabia.

Whether or not that ever emerges, the fact that Arab strategists are even talking abont including Iran underlines bow Rafsanjani has led his

country towards international acceptance after years, as a pariah and how the Gulf crisis has redrawn the political map of the Middle East.

The Islamic republic has emerged more powerful than. ever. It has won everything for which it fought," an Asian diplomat in Tehran said in a telephone interview. The U.N. sanctions imposed

on Iraq shut off all oil exports from Iraq and Kuwait, sending the price of oil shooting from \$16 a barrel to \$40. That earned Iran an extra \$33 mil-

lion a day. Iraq, which has a 1,080kilometre border with Iran, tried to talk Tehran into breaking of the embargo.

Well-informed sources in Tehran have said Iran has agreed to accept 200,000 barrels of free refined Iraqi oil a day in return for food ship-

But Tehran's support is vital if the embargo is to work and Rafsanjani, leader of Iran's socalled pragmatists, knows it. Tehran has pledged to abide by the sanctions, but might allow "homanitarian shipments" across the frontier.

That's seen as more a sop to Rafsanjani's anti-Western radical rivals than a move towards an alliance with Iraq against America, which some hardliners demand

Iran's leaders are now waiting for a possible visit to Tehran by Saddam Hussein

himself. "The rent is higher and my parents lost their jobs," wrote Lohin Lueben, 12. "The only

good thing about Oct. 3 is that it's a school holiday." There was support for German unity but, paradoxically, regret the GDR — German Democratic Republic — would end.

These children, like all others. were drilled to be loval to their nation and Communism, and suspicious of the crime-ridden, greedy West.

"The GDR was my fatherland, and now the GDR really won't be any more, It is incomprehensible," wrote 12-year-old Anke

You can kick a soccer ball from the playground of grammar school NO. 18 to where the Berin Wall-once loomed. Checkpoint Charlie, the former allied border crossing, stood half a block away.

Much of the neighbourhood, part of East Berlin's increasingly seedy Leipziger Street, has become a lure for derelicts and hearings into whether Channel Nine and Ten should have their licences renewed. 'The general public can't

have a right of reply.

The U.S.-led mondial and the advent of holy war

By Khaled Mahadeen

When Argentina announced it was sending two war vessels to the Arabian Gulf, a Saudi Arabian national turned to a Jordanian friend he was dining with at the time and said with a bitter irony: "At last we might have the chance to see soccer player Maradona among us. Then he added after wiping a tear: "What is happening here is totally incredible. The massing of of all these foreign forces

is like a military mondial, in the full sense of the word." Since the arrival of the first American soldier in the Gulf, we have been hearing favourable response to Washington's call on nations to join the adventure. We have been witnessing the arrival in the Gulf of varying numbers of troops sent by different nation: some of them sending thousands, some sending hundreds and others sending only tens of troops. Should this scenario continue, it would not be long before we hear that countries are sending a handful of soldiers or even a single soldier, raising his country's flag and taking up position alongside troops from major and small

"This is an unbelievable scenario," the Sandi national said while wiping his tears. He could not help crying over this tragical situation. Indeed, no other place in the world, except the sports stadiums, has ever witnessed such a gathering of people or such a vast multitude of personnel from different nationalities nor has any other location in the world ever witnessed this assortment of

All these nations seem to be under the illusion that all the problems of the world will end through this bizarre participation and stang mixture of military personnel whose sole objective is to destroy a single nation, Iraq.

A friend of mine told me the other day that Iraqi President Saddam Hussein had pointed to the globe and said: "I realise that Washington might mass all the forces of evil and all the 'cheap' forces against Iraq, but I am confident that victory is on our side because God is with Iraq, and with the great Arabs, and no evil force in the world can ever defeat God."

Trust in God bas made Iraq more confident of victory than ever before at a time when Iraq's enemies, who are in fact the enemies of the Arab Nation, are haunted with real horror and lack of self-confidence. These enemies can by no means divert, the course of history and can not possibly change facts. These enemies have fallen victim to their own illusion of subduing Iraq and breaking its people's will,

An observer of the events in the Gulf has recently said that Britain was willing to fight Iraq until the last American soldier, and that it was being supported in this regard by Israel. Those who follow up the "plastie" lady, Margaret Thatcher, and her Foreign Minister Douglas Hurd, can only agree with this observer's view. But, he says, that Washington is not that naive to take the wrong decision; and the Iraqis who are ready to offer themselves as sacrifices for their country and nation, realise that they can burniliate the American army and save the world from the American arrogance.

We Arabs are for peace, but we should make it clear that this peace should not deny us the right to reply to the insults directed at us from Washington, London and Tel Aviv.

The Iraqis, backed by their Arab Nation and the Islamic masses, and all those who are keen on safeguarding human dignity, realise that peace is a good thing to be sought, but they also realise that a holy war also has an attractive image. And they look forward to the moment when they are given the orders to chase away the rats which have been infesting this world, and this

land and settle the account with them for good. The enemies of this nation call every thing the Arabs do terrorism, but we call our struggle against them a holy war. Why then should they delay taking a security council decision to use force against Iraq? Why don't they do this now and not tomorrow? We look forward to the day when we will have a homeland where we can live with dignity, but without oil and without hamiliation. The day when we can chase away the invaders and come out victorious and write out the episode of final victory over the enemy.

By Mark Fritz The Associated Press

EAST BERLIN - Ingeborg Knirsch thumbed through the thick stack of essays and shook her head. So many pages of child-hood scrawl were laced with fear and amtiety.

These were words written by end of their nation and the birth of a new one. This was the voice of the next generation.

"I was astonnded ... astounded," said Mrs. Knirsch, a teacher in East Berlin. "I'm more optimistic about our future than these children seem to be."

were households in turmoil, a day's unification of Germany. nation in transition, a society on the edge of enormous change. the fate of the New German

history have profoundly altered future with a startling bleakness They will be the first genera-

East Germany's children ponder the new order

at as it leaves the old ways be-

The Associated Press visited grammar school NO. 18 and asked Mrs. Knirsch to assign some of her German literature What these essays reflected students an essay about Wednes-

She chose an eighth-grade class and a sixth-grade class and told No one has a greater stake in them to write 100-200 words. But each class produced tornation than the children of East rents of words, an ontpouring Germany. The shifting winds of that mixed hope for the distant

> about the coming months. "I told them 'short, short,

East German children about the tion of East Germans to come of short,' and they said 'no, I must age in a free land, but one that write," Mrs. Knirsch said. "Five faces tremendous social upheav- hundred, 600 words, one of them wrote 800 words, in 45 minutes." She said she was stunned by the content.

"They were worried about keeping their homes, about their

anxious parents, the grim accounts of newscasters.

parents keeping their jobs, about rents rising, " she said.

Much, she said, was a reflection of the worries expressed by

"Everything is getting more expensive... rents, telephone service and so forth, and many people are jobless," wrote Diana Schulz, 12. "My parents also are already jobless."

Ozone depletion — major concern for all nations

In 1979, the U.S. National Air Space Agency, iaunched a satellite with the name Nimbus 7 designed to study the distribution of the various constituents of the upper atmosphere. Scientists noticed through the coloured images Nimbus 7 had sent a well defined hole in the ozone layer over the South Pole. It was obvious that the ozone layer is thinning over various places such as North America and Europe. However, the thinning over the South Pole was far beyond anywhere else in the world. Scientists estimate that the ozone concentration over the South Pole has fallen over 40 per cent during the study period which extended from 1979 through 1987.

Thereafter ozone became a major concern not only to scientists and college professors but to every government on earth; not too long ago a world summit was held in which a world treaty was igned to protect the ozone laver.

Before we start talking about ozone, we should mention an important fact that will help us better understand the ozone problem as well as other environmental problems. Our earth is created with a very delicate balance that governs its performance and the performance of its inhabitants. The majority of environmental problems come as a result of man's interference with the environment (And the firmament has He raised high, and He has set up the balance, in order that ye may not transgress (due) balance) — the Holy Koran, Surah 55, Verses 7 & 8.

Ozone is an element in the

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atmosphere whose existence and CFC's have the capability of functioning is governed by the belance mentioned earlier. The formation of ozone (O3) takes place as highy energetic solar radiation strikes the normal oxygen molecule (O2) in the upper atmosphere and splits it into two atoms (O+O). Each of these atoms then binds with another normal oxygen molecule (O2) to

This triple oxygen molecule has an amazing capability of filtering harmful solar radiation, mainly ultraviolet rays, which are a very harmful form of radiation to all living beings, particularly man and plants.

The ozone layer exists in a region called the stratosphere which starts at the height of approximately 15 kilometres and ends at approximately 60 kilometres. Ozone absorbs ultraviolet light and transforms its energy into heat. As we all know, temperature decreases as elevation increases. However, when we get into the ozone layer the opposite occurs where temperature increases as we go upwards until the end of the ozone layer where it starts to go down again.

Ozone has several enemies that threaten its existence by destroying it or preventing its generation. There are two kinds of chemicals that pose a significant danger to ozone and are of special interest to scientists. These are the chlorofionrocarbons (CFC's) and nitrogen oxides

CFC's are common ingredients in many industries. They are used as refrigerants such as freon gas and as spray can propellants.

Palestinian nationalist Radwan

Aba Ayyash said Bush did not appear

to have made any real commitment to

ditional Iraqi withdrawal."

ascending to high altitudes without being washed out by rain or other atmospheric activities. At high altitudes, solar radiation strikes the CFC's molecule and releases chlorine in a very energetic form called the chlorine radioal. The chlorine radical attacks

the ozone molecule and destroys it and then frees itself to attack another molecule. For that reason, scientists believe that it would take years for the currently present CFC's to diminish assuming of course that no more will be emitted thereafter.

The seconed major enemy of ozone is the nitrogen oxides (NOx). These gases come from various sources mainly fossil fuel combustion. Automobiles and factory stacks are prime sources

NOx reacts with ozone and converts it into regular oxygen and thus the ozone molecule O3 is reduced into O2 which has no filteration capability. NOx does not have the ascending capability that CFC's have since it is rather heavier and can easily be washed by precipitation. Thus it is not capable of climbing to the level of the ozone layer. The question is how does the NOx manage to reach the ozone?

There are several ways for the NOx to reach ozone, mainly by supersonic jet planes that cruise at altitudes not too far from the bottom of the ozone layer. Violent weather such as thunder storms can also drag all kinds of pollutants to higher altitudes. It is important to mention here

that NOx is as dangerous on surface as aloft, NO2, for exam-

tration for exposure of less than an hour and it is fatal at higher concentrations.

As mentioned above, the ozone layer acts as a filter to the harmful ultra violet light and thus its degradation will allow more ultra violet light to reach the ground. When it does, it causes some immediate damage, including severe skin cancer, which has donbled world-wide in recent years, and reduction in crops

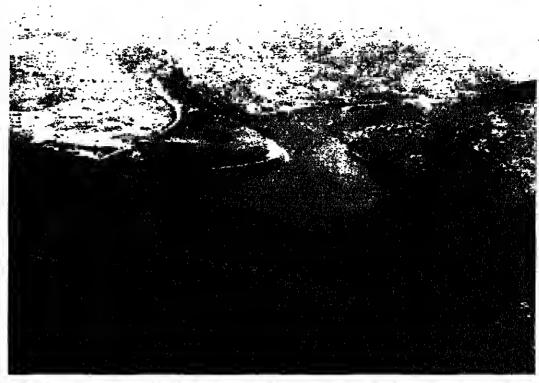
The main concern however, is the hole in the ozone layer over the South Pole. More ultra violet light penetrating means more heat reaching the hage glaciers in Antarctica. This heat will add to the temperature rise caused by the green house effect which is estimated to be close to 10 degrees centigrade.

If this rise in temperature does take place, the glaciers are likely to melt and threaten to flood every coastal city in the world. It is imprtant to mention however. that scientists cannot give a convincing explanation to what caused this hole. The majority of human industrial activity takes place in the northern hemisphere of the earth; so, logically the ozone hole should be over the North Pole and not the South Pole. Some scientists suggest that the space industry is responsible for the formation of this hole. They believe that salts and metal oxides emitted by space rockets as they pass through the area contribute to the destruction of

ple, can cause lung tissue in-flammation at very low concen-is close to the ground. Ozone is a is close to the ground. Ozone is a toxic gas and a mild dose causes laboured breathing, a feeling of pressure on the chest, cough and irritated eyes. Ozone combines with NOx and hydrocarbons to form photochemical smog wich is a serious air pollutant, particularly in heavily urbanised areas.

> As mentioned above, most environmental problems occur when the balance of the atmosphere is disturbed. Disturbing the atmospheric balance has already occured as a result of millions of tonnes of pollutants that were pumped into the atmosphere from factory stacks, car exhausts and other sources. In the U.S. alone it was reported that in 1975 a total of 96 million metric tonnes of carbon monoxide, 33 million tonnes of sulphur oxides and 24 million tonnes of nitrogen oxides were released into the atmosphere. Our planet is very tolerant; but surely what we are doing is far beyond its tolerance limits.

A final point to conclude with what can be done to mitigate the ozone layer situation. The most important step to be taken to protect and revitalise the ozone layer is to adopt strict regulations regarding pollutant emissions. This will first of all cut down on the level of pollutants and will force the industry to search for alternatives since regulations will surely mean more production cost. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has recently established what is called "national ambient air standards". These standards specify maximum allowable concentra-As much as ozone is useful tions for every pollutant pro-



Poliution on ground is as dangerous as poliution in space - the King Tabal Dam is a victim of factories pouring their refuse in the Zarqa River.

duced by the industry. Each factory in a certain area is confined to a limited ammount of pollutants that it can produce so that the total production of a specific pollutant of all factories in the area does not exceed the specified limit. Factories were forced to adopt the best available con-

trol technology to be able to

adapt to the new regulations. Here in Jordan, we are at risk just as every body else is. The atmosphere does not recognise political boundaries and the pollutants of one country may become the nightmare of another.

We should join the world in its efforts to protect the ozone and implement strict regulations on the dam.

our industries to control pollutant emissions. The lack of such regulations had caused many environmental hazards such as King Talai Dam whose waters were rendered useless as a result of the continuous discharge of untreated refuse of factories lined along the waterways leading to

Iraq challenges U.S.

(Continued from page I)

no change in my position" on the crisis and said three days of talks with about 20 foreign leaders produced "rather encouraging" signs the re-sponse to the invasion was working. Shevardnadze, asked by reporters whether he thought the U.S. president's speech was conciliatory towards Iraq, said: "I wouldn't use the word 'conciliatory' but this is a very very constructive speech, (and shows) diness to address the problems in a peaceful way."

In Washington; the State Depart, ment defended Mittetrand's peace initiative, saying it had not created a breach in the U.S. and French posids the U.N. sanctions im

posed on Iraq.
Israel said it was not concerned by Bush's remark to the United Nations. Israel has urged its guardian superpower not to make any link between the Gulf crisis and the Arab-Israeli

"We don't see anything new in Bush's remarks," said Avi Pazoer, senior adviser to Prime Minister Yit-

zhak Shamir. There is no tinkage because he said very strongly that first of all there has to be a solution to the Gulf crisis and there wouldhave to be an uncon-

Germany

(Continued from page 1) opening of the Berlin Wall late

In Stransberg, northeast of Berlin, the Communist-founded National People's Army was ceremonially bisbanded. Nearly 100,000 soldiers will come under the orders of a pan-German Bundeswehr (federal armed forces) from Wednesday.

Kaifu

(Continued from page 1)

Tokyo is resisting the American effort and wants the World Bank resolving the Arab-Israeli conflict. "His statement was vague. He to play a leading role. "Essentially, needs to prove he is serious by spellwe would like to see this \$1.4 ing out each conflict and demanding billion given either through bilateral channels and some perhaps through international organisawithdrawals from not only Kuwait but from the occupied territories and Lebanon as well," said Abu Ayyash. tions such as the World Bank," the Israel told the U.N. Monday that ambassador said. "As for the \$600 its response to an Iraqi attack would be "harsh and painful." But Israeli Foreign Minister David Levy, speaking before the General million commodity loan it is up to the individual governments how they use it," he explained. The ambassador also indicated

bly, also extended an olive that there was a difference in the branch to the Arabs, urging them to "foreswear the state of war" and join Japanese and American approaches to the Gulf crisis. in wants a so Middle East. the crisis through peaceful means "Now that the iron curtain has and does not support a military option, the Americans "want to collapsed," Levy said, "the continued existence in the deserts of the Middle keep the military option wide open East of a 'sand curtain' cannot be to keep the pressure on Iraq." Tokyo, he said, supports the multi-national force to "defend Saudi tolerated as it sets apart the Middle East from a world marching towards

Arabia but not to attack (Iraq)." Levy also praised Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev as a "bold and "It would take time but we want to see this crisis resolved through sagacious statesman" who is "setting peaceful means... we should not give up hope," he said. "This crisis is not military. It is more political free the spirit of human freedom and the realisation of democracy." and I hope that the leaders will take this (into consideration) and He praised Gorbachev for enabling. Soviet Jews to settle in Israel but did not mention that some are moving (find) a political solution."

30 killed in Beirut massacre

was plotted by rebel officer Michel Aoun and his intelligence networks," said a statement.

It said Aoun provoked the incident to ease military and political pressure on him. Hrawi's troops Friday stopped all traffic into areas held by Aoun to try to starve him into surrendering to the president's authority.

The Syrian-backed Hrawi, internationally recognised as president, has warned he may order an attack to suburb of Baabda.

Acom said the "ugly-crime was planned and premeditated by Hrawi's troops and the Lebanese Forces." The LF accused Aoun of arranging

Papal Nuncio Pablo Puente issued a radio appeal to Aoun and Hrawi to

halt this deadly, destructive madness," Puente said.

long time ago."

crime at Nahr Al Mawt (Death River)

Banks, schools and shops closed in

But analysts said the attack bolstered the general's public support and weakened that of Hrawi and the LF.

exercise restraint pending a new Vatican effort to negotiate a compromise.
"I ask for a 48-hour respite to be able to meet the president and the general to mediate an accord, which might not be ideal but will probably

Aoun told a news conference he would not block Puente's initiative, adding, "Our roads are open and our guns are silent." But he added: "We have surpassed these initiatives a

He urged the world to withdraw recognition of Hrawi's government and said he would not be shaken by the blockade

east Beirgt. The killing sparked anger throughout the country.

Hrawi's government said it was determined to end Aoun's "mutiny."

Police said a check completed Tuesday with hospitals in Aoun's zone placed the casualty toll among the demonstrators just before mid-night (2100 GMT) Monday at 30 dead

and 100 wounded. At least two men were among the dead. The carnage occurred on a highway bridge spanning Death River, eight kilometres north of Beirut.

Police said about 5,000 Aoun sup porters carrying candles demons-trated at the crossing to protest Hra-wi's week-long closure of gateways into Aoun's enclave.

"As they shouted slogans condemining the president and Mr. Geagea for the starvation blockade, gunfire suddenly erupted and the crowd panicked in a stampede," said a police spokesman. "Some of the vic-tims were trampled to death but at least 22 died of gunshot wounds."

Show of might in Gulf

He called for confidence-building measures first, termination of the state of war and a Middle East che-The sources, insisting on anonymity, told the AP analysts estimate there are well over 400,000 Iraqi mical disarmament conference. The willingness of Arab states to

foreswear the state of war and embark upon the route to peace," be said,
"will help in advancing the solution to
the Palestinian problem."

to the occupied territories.

Turning to the Arab-kraeli conflict, he said: "It appeal once again to Arab governments which still main-

tain a state of war with us, to join with Israel in its efforts to settle the prot-

racted dispute through direct negotia-tions, free from shackies and precon-

(Continued from page 1)

million-man army to defend the area, military sources said Tuesday.

troops in the area, compared to 360,000 a week ago.

The numbers of tanks, artillery

pieces and other heavy weapons have also been increased, the sources said. But they gave no figures.

The Pentagon last week said there were about 3,500 Iraqi tanks in the Kuwait theater. Most of them are believed to be

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emplaced in defensive positions, many dug-in and revetted behind carthworks.

Gulf and in a crescent around

That indicated that I can anticipates an attack by U.S. and allied forces

from that direction. The Iraqis were also said to have forced their defences along the supply lifeline from the southern Iraq

city of Basra into Kuwait. The highway runs about 32 The build-up of recent weeks is kilometres to the border and an concentrated in areas inland from the 80 kilometres to Kuwait City.

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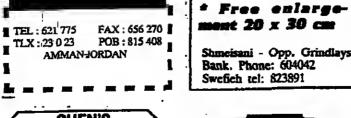








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JORDAN MARKET PLACE

Chinese divers, Korean wrestlers star on Asian Games 10th day

PEKING (R) — China's world champion divers, thrilling a home crowd, laid on a dazzling showcase of their talents Tuesday, while in athletics the hosts at last turned on two Asian Games performances of undeniable world

At Peking's Yingdong Pool, first Gao Min in the women's one-metre springboard event and then Tan Liangde in the men's lived up to their reputation as global superstars, although Tan felt the hot breath of younger competition at his back.

In the Olympic Centre Stadium, the brave efforts of veteran woman hurdler Lin Huajin and flashy pole vaulter Liang Xueren warmed the hearts of a sparse crowd on a dull, hlustery day.

Sonth Korea elinched the women's hockey title, beating closest rival China 3-1 to finsh the six-nation round-robin tournament with a 4-1-0 record. China (4-0-1) took the silver medal and Japan (3-1-1) the bronze.

In free-style wrestling, Koreans dominated the evening's medals, with South Koreans winning three golds and Kim Yong-Six from the North taking one.

The only title to escape the hard men of the peninsula was the 32 kilogram category, where gold went to Mongolian Suhbat Puntzagin, his country's first victory in Peking.

But the divis were the day's class act, signalling to the world that China has no intention of loosing its hold on the sport. Gao, now 20 and winner of

more gold medals than she can remember, won yet another here. tumbling, twisting and somersaulting to a score of 526.62.

It was a flawless display that put her out of reach of teammate Yu Xiaoling, who trailed by 34 points at the end, and of Japan's Yuki Motobuchi, who took the bronze 33 points adrift.

But the double world champion, who scored a mighty 66.30

ward two and a half somersault from the pike position, said she had not hit her peak.

"I don't think this was my bst performane," she said afterwards, "My take-offs and entries have been a little out of control."

But if Gao ruled supreme, confirming herself as an even hotter favonrite for the three-metre springboard event Saturday, the veteran Tan only just managed to flight off a spirited challenge from young pretender to his crown.

The Olympic silver medallist, now 25, needed a tremendous penultimate dive to overcome teammate Wang Yijie in a tense duel coach Xn Yiming encouraged to spur his men on.

"The two are very good competitors," Xu said afterwards. My strategy is to emphasise the competition between the older one and the newcomer."

Tan, top dog in the springboard diving world now that American maestro Greg Louga-nis has retired, had to battle hard to stay even marginally ahead of Wang, 21, in the face of crowd solidly behind the npstart challen-

It was not until the 10th dive that he finally opened up a winning lead with an inward two and a half somersault from the tuck position that earned him the day's

igh of 78.30 points. Wang's final dive, a breathtaking reverse one and a half somersault with two and a balf twists, hrought a roar of approval from the crowd and the day's second

highest score of 75.60. Tan's last dive was not perfect but earned him 63 points and put victory beyond Wang's grasp. He won with 642.75 points to Wang's

In track and field, Liu Huajin, advised to retire after major knee surgery four years ago, won the 100 metres hurdles in 12.73 seconds. Chi Cheng, Taiwan's former world record hurdler, cal- among 24 nations. Overall, the

points on her sixth dive, a for- led it "superb performance which out in a blaze of golden glory finally brought world class to rests in the 4× 100 metres relay. Peking.

"Anything below 13 seconds is world class," Chi said. Liu, 30, from Fujian province,

told reporters: 'I had doubts until two days before the event whether it was worth going through the pain."
Pole vaulter Liang Xueren

earned China another gold medal, punching the air after sailing over the bar at 5.62 metres. It was a world class peformance shattering the games record of 5.40. He later failed at three attempts to set a new high of 5.70 metres.
For once India's P.T. Usha,

decade, had to settle for second Usha, who has already said she will retire after the Peking Games to get married, could manage only a silver medal in the 400 metres, dashing her hopes of bowing out with at least one gold

Asia's track queen for the past

in an individual event. Now her only chance of going

NEW YROK (AP) - Bob Gans-

ler will be retained as coach of the

United States national soccer

team, the new president of the

U.S. soccer federation said Mon-

Alan Rothenberg, who re-

placed Werner Fricker as head of

the USSF after the World Cup.

said he anticipated Gansler would

remain as coach through the 1994

World Cup, the first to be played

in the United States. However,

Rothenberg refused to guarantee

that Gansler would remain four

Gansler took over the team in

January 1989 and led the United

States to its first World Cup berth

since 1950. However, the team

lost three straight games at the World Cup and finished 23rd

more years.

Gansler stays as U.S. coach

Germans seek to upset Sampdoria in soccer tie

LONDON (R) — Holders Samp-doria face an uphill battle to Yugoslavs, were injured during avoid a first round exit in the European Cup Winners' Cup in a potentially explosive return tie against West German league leaders Kaiserslautern Wednes-

In another npset, Japan's

world-ranked Kazuhiro Mizo-

guchi was pushed into third place

in the men's javelin by teammate

Masami Yoshida, who threw 77.26 metres, and South Korean

Mizogochi, who recorded the world's second best distance last

year, could still smile after his

attempt... my throwing technique

was not working well," he said

afterwards, chatting easily and

Late on the 10th day of competition, China with 145 golds, 32

silvers and 42 bronzes, had

stretched its already astronomical lead in the medals table.

(34-33-56) were scrapping for runner's-np spot, and North Korea was fourth with a 12-24-30

record. The Asian Games com-

petition ends Saturday and the

United States is 7-11 this year.

Franz Beckenbauer, who retired

as West German coach after his

team won the World Cup. Beck-

enbauer then signed as technical director of Olympique Marseille

Gansler is making \$100,000 this

year and the contract automati-

cally renews each year unless it is

terminated. He was coach at the

University of Wisconsin at Mil-

waukee and of the U.S. under-20

team before being picked to re-

place Lothar Osiander, who coached the team through the

Gansler was captain of the

U.S. Olympic team in 1964 and 1968 and played for the national

in France.

1980 Olympics.

The USSF made overtures to

closing ceremony is Sunday.

Japan (35-46-65) South Korea

signing autographs.

"I injured my leg in the first

Kim Ki-Hoon.

day.

The Italians trail 1-0 after a bad-tempered first leg in Germany which saw Sampdoria players Ivano Bonetti and Marco Lanna sent off and suspended for the second leg and both clubs fined for their teams' bad be-

Kaiserslautern, the surprise side of the West German season, are the highest scorers in the Bundesliga with 22 goals from eight games, while Sampdoria boast the Italian League's bestdefensive record, having con-

ceded one goal in four games.
In the Italians's favour, the Kaiserslantern defence is as porous as their attack is penetrative, and on the way to winning the trophy against Anderlecht last season, Sampdoria won all their home games without conceding a goal.

Soccer authorities are more likely to be keeping an anxious eye on two ties in Eastern European, however, where fans' behaviour will be under severe scru-

Aston Villa and Manchester United become the first English teams to travel to Europe for competitive club matches since the 1985 Heysel Stadium tragedy when 39 people died at the European Cup Final between England's Liverpool and Italy's

Security will be tight for Man-chester United's visit to Hungary's Pecsi Munkas for a Cup Winpers's Cup tie and Villa's UEFA Cnp mateh against Czechoslovakia's Banik Ostrava, with plainclothes police on all

official supporters' trips. Both English sides take twogoal leads with them and are favourites to progress to the second round despite unconvincing domestic form.

Police will also be out in force in Yugoslavia for Dinano Zagreh's home tie with Italians Atalanta in the UEFA Cup following crowd trouble in the first leg, a

brawls between fans and Italian police, and the club has called in 1,500 police to prevent more trouble. Dinamo's hopes of reaching

the second round received a setback Sunday when coach Josip Kuze resigned after a run of bad

Of the three European competitions, the Cup Winners' Cup has the greatest potential for producing upsets with both Spanish and Dutch representatives, like Sampdoria, facing first-leg de-

PSV Eindhoven, the Dutch cup holders and league leaders who trail Montpellier of France 1-0, received a boost at the weekend fro Wednesday's home leg when they hit their best form of the season with a 4-0 win over FC Den Haag.

Veteran Belgian defender Eric Gerets, playing his first match of the season after a troublesome heel injury, gave the team the cohesion which had been lacking.

Barcelona lost 1-0 in Turkey to Trabzonspor, who have a history of upsets over teams tired by the long journey to the Black Sea port, but the Spanish side have a 100 per cent record in the league and will be confident of a substantial victory on home turf at the Nou Camp Stadium.

In the European Cup, the top sides are all well placed to move into the second round, although West German chmpions Bayern Munich — playing a day ahead of most of the rest Tuesday would like an early goal to settle nerves against Apoel Nicosia.

The Cyptiots came within mi-

nutes of causing the upset of the round before two late goals gave Bayern a 3-2 away win in the first

Spanish champion Real Madrid have struggled to find their majestic stride in the league, but with a 4-1 lead from the away leg they need only canter Tuesday against Odense of Denmark.

Similarly, Marseille's squad of millionaires made certain that even an awkward trip into Albania Wednesday will hold no fears with a 5-1 advantage over Dina-

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 3, 1996 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Today's Moon opposition and square could easily make you feel overly could easily make you feel overly emotional if you allow yourself the luxury of believing that others are taking advantage of you.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) A private concern can cause you much anxiety if you allow but instead get off to advanced ways to operate and you produce excellent

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) A discontended friend can take you incontended mend can take you from the time and energy you need to build up your financial fences unless you free yourself of this person today. GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21) A

higher-up with a chip-on-the-shoulder can block your progress if you allow but instead go along with a partner who has expansive ambi-MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Avoid a desire to go off on a tangent and stick to your work load and you get far more accom-plished than you had thought

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You are all to likely to spend too much time at a frostrating practical mat-ter when enjoying longtime plea-sures and new ones are best for you

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Discount suggestions of a vacil-lating temperamental contact and

listen to what family have to say and follow their excellent success

LIBEA: (September 23 to October 22) Do barely necessary amount of work activities so you will be ship to use a good influence now present to be out accomplishing things in the world.

in the world. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) A day for you to focus your ttention upon mundane co of importance so put off those pleasures that attract until a more

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You would be wise to think of yourself today and what is important to your personal happiness and not engage in home-hold drudgeries.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Dashing here and there for whatever your purpose would be very non-productive for you today so concentrate upon getting rid of limitations.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru ary 19) Keep your purse and checkbook well under control during the daytime and consider all possible means for gaining vital hopes and wishes.

PESCES: (February 20 to March 20) Your discontent today can get you in trouble if you let it be known and instead get out in the world of action to follow rules.

THE BETTER HALF. By Harris HARRIS 8-31

rubber balls. How appropriate.

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COVER PRIZES FOR THE LOTTERY SELLERS

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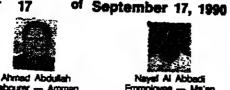
40covers, attached to the stub of 10 ending in Winners of the grand prizes in the ordinary issue number 17











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Next Drawing takes place on October 17, 1990 First eight biggest prizes are issued from GUVS headquarters.

CHOOSE YOUR POISON North-South vulnerable. West Scheveningen

GOREN BRIDGE

NORTH AKJ to 2 ♥ A 6 4 ♦ A 10 2 ♣ A 3 EAST + Q3 7 K Q32 + 8654 ♥ J85 ♦ Void 4 K98765 4 Q J 10 SOUTH ± 97
▽ t0 97

The hidding: West North East South 10 Pass Pass 4 + Pass

Pass Opening lead: King of 🗸 . At our grandparent's knee we

learned the old proverb: "If you drink the water you die, and if you don't drink the water you die!" We were never sure exactly what that meant until we came across this hand from the recent Hoechst team tournment in the Dutch resort of

After West ran from South's penalty pass of North's takeout double, South might have reasoned that West's first-bid suit was not all that robust and thus bid three diamonds rather than two spades over North's cue-bid of the enemy suit. Certainly five diamonds would have been a slightly better contract than four spades. But who are we to quarrel with success, especially when h is the result of pretty play, Sitting South was Carla Arnolds, a member of the Dutch women's

team. She won the opening lead with dummy's ace and the lack of an immediate entry in her hand forced her to cash the ace and king of spades, with happy results when the queen appeared from West. After two more rounds of

trumps, declarer led a diamond to the jack and the defense collapsed. West could win the king and cash two hearts, but then declarer's diamonds would provide a discard for dummy's clab loser. And to hold nff with the king would be no better. South would use the entry to the closed hand to take the marked dia-mond finesse and would lose only two heart tricks and a club.

The bank printed our new checks on

Nelson confident of retaining WBC title

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) — World Boxing Council (WBC) Nelson said. "If he is in trouble, from challenger Juan Laporte but Laporte, you can't say you expect will have no trouble defending his

Nelson, who has a 31-2 record, meets New York-basedLaporte at the Sydney Entertainment Centre on Oct. 13.

The winner of the bout will defend the crown against unbeaten Australian three-time world champion Jeff Fenech in Sydney in January. "Laporte will have to fight me

the way I want him to fight me," Nelson said at a news conference he gave after arriving at Sydney ture two other international Airport.
"I am the master of the ring.

Whoever I fight, I take control his 31 victims but was outpointed his 31 victims but was outpointed his first bout since losing his by American Pernell Whitaker world title to Briton Dennis

weight crown earlier this year.

He said he expected the sea-

WITH OMAR SHARIF

Nelson has knocked out 23 of when he moved up a division to Andries. challenge for the WBC light-

super-featherweight champion he knows how to get of it. I Azumah Nelson of Ghana said respect the guy.
Sunday he expects a strong test "If you are fighting Juan

> to knock him out in the fifth or sixth round." Nelson, 32, held the WBC featherweight title from 1984-88, successfully defending it six times before moving up to super feath-

erweight in 1988. He has defended that title four times, while Laporte held the WBC featherweight title from 1982-84.

The undercard of the fight which is expected to draw a 12,000 capacity crowd, will fea-

Former WBC light-heavyweight champion Jeff "hit man" Harding of Australia, will face American Stacy McSwain in

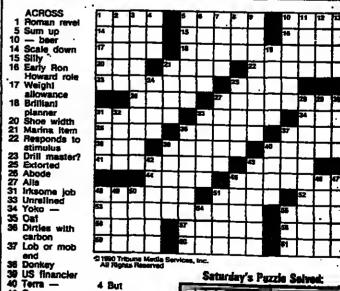
Former WBC super flyweight champion Nana Yaw Konadu of Ghana, the no. 1 contender in the soned Laporte, who has a 36-10 division, will fight Australian-record, to provide him with a real based Filipino Diego Duran over 10 rounds.

THE Daily Crossword by C.F. Murray

Answer here:

Inday's Jumbles: MOGUL PIVOT DECADE REALTY ..

Answer: If you're lucky, that used car will be a pleasure to ride; If not - - TO "DERIDE"



6 Portray
7 Tun
8 Insect
9 Unequaled
10 Wanderers 11 Heroic 12 Grammar

Turk — Venetian" ("King Lear") 27 Fern leaf 28 Final figure 28 Final figu 29 Dill once

41 Gave more capacity to 43 Alone 44 Ostentatious

comics
51 Shallow
receptacle
52 Gard game
53 Visibly

embarrassed 56 Gossip

81 Judge

DOWN
1 Chose
2 Street show
3 Place for

29 Dill Office 30 A Copperfield 31 Attired 32 Stockings 33 — Island, NY 36 CA city

37 Lone 47 Clan emblem
39 Rounds up 48 Edge 49 Decorate over
42 Canal site 50 First place 51 Adolescent 54 Storage place 55 "Major -" doge
Decorate
O First place
51 Adolescent
54 Storage /
55 "Major

Saturday's Puzzie Solved; PURE ROSO DATES
AMIS OTHE ASTES
GAGA AREA HEARS
AGED BARRATTHAS
DOGMAL GOME
AREA HODEAT
AMIS OTHA HASO
MASTESHIO DOSSO
MASTESHIO
MASTESHIO DOSSO
MASTESHIO
M

no-no 13 Beatty film 19 Staggers 21 Coin 56 Footnote word 57 Relative 68 Pay to play 59 — Lisa 80 Magaani and Moffo

Saudi group buys Cairo Meridien Hotel

roup has bought 80 per cent of Cairo's Mile-side Meridien Hotel for \$75million, bankers have said. They said the Egyptian-Saudi Investment Company (ESIC) had already paid 10 per cent of the dal

272-room hotel. The French Meridien group bas mn the hotel for the state-owned Egyptian General Organisation for Tonrism and Hotels (EGOTH) since its opening in

and was looking for a manage-

ment company to take over the

ESIC, which is mainly owned by Saudi sheikh Abdul Aziz Al Ibrahimi, related by marriage to King Fahd, has also offered to

CAIRO (R) - A Saudi-led build an extension to the hotel.

tial area will be 30 per cent owned by ESIC while EGOTH will keep has a wide range of botel interests in Europe and North America, the bankers said

EGOTH is the first of many

The Egyptian cabinet is studymg ways to liberalise a buge public sector as part of a longterm policy to implement a free market economy in the Arab

Austere economie reform mea-

mic growth for the next two

more than \$1.6 billion to help its

Negotiations with the Interna-

try's IMF membership quota of

Another \$400 million could

The loans would help replenisb

478.9 481.8 372.7 374.9

making the crown convertible.

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

Tel: 677420

Italian lire

Swiss francs

come from a World Bank structu-

He added that Czechoslovakia

Gulf crisis to cost Prague \$450 million

kia attempts limited convertibility ral adjustment loan. The Euro-

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday, October 2, 1990

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.8815/25

1.1535/45

1.5580/85

1.7565/75

1.2985/95

32.07/12

5.2175/2225

1166/1167

136.85/95

5.7360/7410

6.0375/0425

5.9550/9600

One ounce of gold 388.30/80

659.0

1241.0 422.7 507.9

Bey

655.0 1233.6 420.2 504.9 125.4

PARGUE (R) — The Gulf crisis Czechoslovakia's foreign debt, will cost Czechoslovakia \$450 which fell from \$7.9 billion to million this year but forecasts that \$7.1 in the first six months of this it will almost double the country's year, now stands at \$7 billion; he foregn debt in 1991 are prema-ture, state bank chairman Josef current account is in slight deficit. Tosovsky has said.

Every time the oil price rises by sures, the transformation of trad-\$1 a barrel it adds \$110 million to ing within the Comecon bloc and the balance of payments, he told the oil "shock" rules out econoa news conference.

Finance Minister Vaclav Klaus years, Tosovsky said. later said the figure could vary between \$80 and \$126 million.

The added that Could total is seeking loans that could total more than \$1.6 billion to help its Tosovsky said the higher price of oil on world markets will cost seven billion crowns (\$450 mil-

tional Monetary Fund (IMF), which Czechoslovakia rejoined "this doesn't upset the balance of 11 days ago, could result in a payments, it's not that disstandby facility of half the connastrous," he said, Next year, however, when around \$300 million. Soviet oil has to be paid for in hard currency and Czechoslova-

lion) in imports this year. But

of the crown, "we will be moving pean Community (EC) will likely on thin ice." Tosovsky said recent estimates Tosovsky said. that the Gulf crisis will cost Czechoslovakia \$6 billion were hard currency reserves depleted premature. "I don't dare mention- by economic reform, especially in

a concrete figure," he said.

Pound Sterli Deutscheman

Swiss franc French franc

One Sterling

One U.S. dollar

WC#COL

1. 型作品等

水(G); 5mb 3m 五(X).

The new complex in the fashionable Garden City residen-20 per cent. Sheikh Abdul Aziz

state-owned firms which plan to sell government companies to foreign partners.

World's most populous country.

Tin producers agree on 6% cut next year

The Association of Tm Producing Countries (ATPC) decover illegal production. cided to cut back its export The communique said the exence here.

plier, which declined full mem-bership of the ATPC this year, also agreed to reduce its tin proto 39.010 tonnes in 1991, down from official estimates of 41,500

Until now Brazil agreed to nes.

COCHABAMBA, Bolivia (R) comply with a voluntary ceiling

quotas by six per cent in 1991 to tension of the ATPC's supply 95,849 tonnes, said a communi-rationalisation scheme during que of its annual ministers confer- 1991 would result in a reduction of overhanging stocks by more Brazil, the world's largest sup- than 5,000 tonnes.

The seven ATPC members agreed that the six per cent cutback would be distributed as folduction by the same percentage lows: Malaysia 28,556 tonnes, Indonesia 28,376, Thailand 17,116, Bolivia 12,611, Australia 6,937, Zaire 1,351 and Nigeria 901 ton-

Romania raises fuel prices for industry

BUCHAREST (R) - The sources - coal, petroleum and gas

It was the first move of its kind said.

since last December's uprising Romania was hit hard by the ended communist rule and global embargo against Iraq, brought to power a government which previously provided a pledged to creating a market eco-quarter of its oil imports.

government measures were designed to cushion household supplies this winter. consumers from the first major assault on subsidies, probably out of the fear of street protests.

The government still subsidises the prices of most essential profitability". goods, especially food, although its policy is gradually to free

prices altogether. Industry had been paying ab-out three-quarters of the price enterprises which achieved qualieharged to household consumers for electricity but would henceforth pay the same, the government said in a toughly-worded

broadcast statement. Similar price changes were decreed for petrol, heating oils, lubricants and other fuel consumed by industry, notorious for rial fuel price rises would bring inefficiency and waste.

Romanian government bas raised - and the effect of all this is industrial fuel prices by about one doubled by the explosive prices of third, scrapped subsidies and told petroleum on the world market industry it bad to pay its own maioly because of the Gulf crisis," the government-statement

But the Soviet Union, another

Economie analysts said the major provider for Romania, agreed last week not to cut back The government said fuel costs

> must be borne directly by enterprises so that they can at least rethink their activity in terms of It said enterprises were

> scrambling for hard currency "but we must say that energy is an ty and quuntity in their production would have access to it.

"Those enterprises with a poor activity have no grounds for access to energy through the state"

Economic analysts said industhigher manufacturing and trans-"We are confronted by a severe port costs and would eventually reduction in domestic energy be passed on to consumers.

Turkey announces fourth petrol | Nikkei posts price increase since Gulf crisis

ANKARA (R) - Turkey, hard. Savran, general manager of the hit by soaring oil prices because state-run Turkish Oil Refineries release this month a \$200 million of the Gulf crisis, bas raised (Tupras), told reporters. petrol prices by np to 15.1 per cent, the fourth rise since August.

The price of super grade petrol rose by 15.1 per cent to 2.606 lira (95.4 cents) from 2,263 lira (82.8 cents) and diesel oil by 14.2 per cent to 1,899 lira (70 cents) from 1,663 lira (61 cents).

With the latest increase, petrol prices have shot up by 69 per cent since Iraq's takeover of Kuwait. seriously hampering Turkey's efforts to curb inflation, targetted officially at 54.5 per cent for and-1990.

Officials estimate the target rate will go up by at least five percentage points. "The abnormal rise in the in-

ternational prices which have hit \$40 has necessitated the readjustment of petrol prices," Mehmet

The bank is also expected to But if world prices fall, we years due to Turkey's failure to

its banking sector.

The loan, linked to \$200 mil-

nancing, was part of a \$400 mil-

lion financial sector adjustment

NATO-member Turkey's eco-

nomic sanctions agaist Baghdad,

including the closure of a pipeline

that carried half of Iraq's vital oil

exports through its territories, are

estimated to cost it more than \$7

Sanctions against Baghdad

Turkey's second biggest trading

partner, are likely to double the

country's overall trade deficit to

around \$8 billion after 1989's \$4.1

billion defict, officials said.

Senate votes

authority for

Bush to sell

Iraq property

WASHINGTON (R) - The

U.S. Senate voted Monday night

to give President George Bush

authority to seize and sell Iraq

property in the United States to

help pay off about \$2.6 billion in

Bush had not asked for the

authority but the Senate

approved by voice vote an

amendment by Democratic Sena-

tor Max Baucus to authorise him

to seize and sell the property.

"Iraq bas seized U.S. assets."

Baucus told the Senate. "It is

now time for the United States to

Baucus said Iraq seized proper-

ty owned by the United States

and other nations supporting the

U.N. economie embargo against

after Bush froze Iraqi assets.

programme," Baucus said.

Iraqi debt.

follow suit.'

loan approved in 1988.

will also reflect this to the domestic market," he said. The rise in world oil prices as a result of the Gulf crisis will put an lion in Japanese Eximbank cofiextra \$2 billion next year on Turkey's oil import bill which

stood at \$2.46 billion in 1989. Meanwhile the World Bank is likely to extend Turkey \$1.9 billion in loans in its 1991 and 1992 fiscal years to help offset Ankara's losses due to the Gulf crisis, a senior monetary official

has said. The official told Rueters Turkey was likely to receive half of the \$1.9 billion loan in the bank's 1991 fiscal year started July 1 and the remaining in 1992 — com-pared to \$326 million received

historic gain

TOKYO (R) - A record rally of Tokyo share prices fuelled gains in stock markets around Asia Tuesday, but brokers said the euphoria was likely to be shortcurb inflation and to restructure

Tokyo's Nikkei index achieved its largest single day gain in both percentage and point terms after Japanese authorities Monday announced steps to support a market that had plummeted for five straight days.

The Nikkei surged 2,676.55 points, or 13.24 per cent, to 22,898.41, after plunging 761.64 Monday. The previous record percentage gain for the index was 11.29 per cent, made Dec. 15,

"We're looking at a market that has failen from 500 to over 1,000 points every day for the past week," said Daniel Marull, a trader at Sanyo Securines. "The market needed a rebound."

Brokers said lower oil prices helped to trigger the rally.

"The day's gains show that this is a market of extremes," said Gregory Bundy, a stockbroker at Merrill Lynch Japan. "One day you can't sell it, the next day you can't buy it."

Tokyo's gains, along with the

fall in oil prices, supported higher share prices around the region. Hong Kong stocks rose sharply, with the Hang Seng index jumping 114.22 points or 4.1 per cent to 2,905.48. "We've seen across-the-board buying, from foreign and local institutions to individual investors and traders,"

In Australia, stocks also climbed, ending just off highs. The All Ordinaries index closed 20.4 points firmer at 1,406.1.

a broker said.

Taiwan stocks rose but ended off their highs because of profittaking ahead of Wednesday's hobday there. The weighted index gained 33.28 points, or 1.3 per cent, to 2,593.75.

Despite Tuesday's gains, underlying market sentiment re-mains bleak, brokers said. Although oil prices were easier, many people said prospects for a peaceful resolution to the Gulf Iraq, and suspended payment on crisis were still slim.

Iraqi debts in the United States "There is still a fair degree of scepticism among international investors," said John White of The senator from the farm state of Montana said that \$1.9 Cavill White Securities in Welbillion of Iraq's \$2.6 billion debt lington," where the Barclays is in U.S. farm export loans sbare index estimate finished

guaranteed by the Commodity 34.64 points higher at 1.513.87.
This is only a small rebound Credit Corp so the U.S. government would have to pay them if and the long-term outlook is still gloomy," said David Liou of Foremost Investment Services in

Iraq defaults.
"If we do not take action farmers will be effectively forced to pay off Iraqi debts out of the farm

Surging stocks prices had little effect on currency markets.

Oil prices enter

'a peace phase'

Traders wait for Saddam

Saddam Hussein as signs of hope said. for a peaceful solution to the Gulf

\$4 a barrel below the 10-year market from producers who had highs reached last week on con-pledged to make up for missing cern in the market that a war Iraqi and Kuwaiti crude, embarwould disrupt oil supply.

"One week the market is war. Right now it's going through receded.
a peace phase," said Mehdi Varai, analyst at Kleinwort Benson by Reuters, published Monday,

Securities in London. Brent blend, which had peaked and Kuwaiti oil.

around \$40 last week. By 1400 GMT, it had bounced back to \$35.80. This compared with Monday's close of \$37.05 and Friday's finish of \$39.50 on

London's International Petroleum Exchange. Hopes that war could be

averted began Sunday when a statement from Saddam called for dialogue. Oil fell around \$2 Mon-Further hopes for peace came

Monday night when Busb told the United Nations that an Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait could be linked to a broader peace settlement in the Middle East. Traders were now watching out

for Saddam's next words. dad," said Lawrence Eagles, an tors on prices.

analyst at GNI Commodines.

prices the market has not become rent October future levels." carried away with ideas of a "It's not for me to try to price

diplomatic solution. The statement by Bush "is test- problems out there.

LONDON (R) — Oil prices ing Saddam Hussein to see if he is dropped \$2 a barrel in Europe determined to bold onto Kuwait. Tuesday as traders interpreted The risk of war is still high and words from U.S. President there is no hint that he wants to George Bush and Iraqi President withdraw from Kuwait," Varzi

Traders said the fall of the last couple of days in part reflected Oil prices are now more than the arrival of extra oil on the goed by the United Nations.

Speculation also that Saudi euphoric with hopes of peace, the Arabia would have technical next its pessimistic with fears of problems raising its output have

ecurities in London. put September output at 22.1
Oil prices for the November million barrels per day (b/d), up futures contract fell as low as from August's 17-month low of \$34.90 a barrel Tuesday for the 19.86 million and making up for world benchmark, North Sea the lost four million b/d of Iraqi

Saudi Arabia's output showed the largest advance with September production estimated at 7.52 million b/d, up 1.72 million b/d from August.

President Bush, who has complained about the skyrocketing price of oil because of the crisis in the Gulf, said Monday he had no plans to impose a ceiling on oil prices in the United States.

"It's not for me to decide," Bush told reporters in New York, where he delivered an address to the United Nations.

"I am confident in the long run that supply and demand will set the price, not speculations in some futures market," he said, "All the focus is now on Bagh- referring to the impact of specula-

"So I caution the high-flying "We can expect to see an speculator, bey, be careful," indication in the next few days on Bush said," because most of the whether Saddam will take this estimates that I've seen on what olive brance or if he is adamant supply and demand would do to on keeping Kuwait," Eagles said, the market would have the mar-Despite the sudden retreat in ket price significantly below cur-

oil," Bush said. "I've got enough

Kinnock promises better economic management

off, Tuesday promised a society owned industries. that would provide better care for

manage the economy than the in recession," he said.

But he would not be quite follow their tax-cutting lead.
"The needs of the children and cent to 15 per cent," he noted.
Kinnock said most Britons with a society

country must come first," Kinnock told Labour's annual conference. Kinnock said that "in many

vital respects matters are worse than they were 11 years ago." The economy was in recession, Kinnock said. To restore it.

Labour would cut interest rates to reduce the costs borne by industry and by people paying mort-gages on their homes. A three-point programme

would also bring in credit controls to curb consumer spending and negotiate entry into the European currency exchange rate Kinnock's address to the con-

ference set out the party agenda for the election Thatcher must call by mid-1992.

week-long convention in the northern seaside resort of Blackpool as a launch pad. They are confident of victory,

even though their 13-month opinion poll lead over the Conservatives has shrunk from 24 points in unions, labour's main financial March to about seven in most sponsors, cutting the power of the

2,000 applauding delegates that per cent

BLACKPOOL, England (R) - conditions in Britain were worse Opposition leader Neil Kinnock, now than wheo Thatcher came to saying Prime Minister Margaret power in 1979 and began free Thatcher had made Britons worse market reforms and sales of state-

"The Torics (Conservatives) its sick, its children and its old. are not even back at square one Kinnock vowed in a keynote after II years. A year ago at their policy speech that, if Labour was annual conference, the Tories returned in an election due by were promising they would make mid-1992, it would more capably the economy stronger. It is now

free marketeering Conservatives "They promised to get inflation had during Thatcher's 11 years as down. They put it up from 7.4 per cent to 10.6 per cent. They prom-

where "the schools are underfunded, the hospital wards are being elosed, the land, the water and the air are dirty and the

streets are not safe. Kinnock, who has conducted a complete policy ovehaul since Labour's third straight election defeat in 1987, said he would want his govenment to be hest remembered for education re-

He hoped to use the Blackpool meeting to present his often-fractious and divided party as united and an acceptable alternative govenment in the run-up to the next election. But he has suffered setbacks on

retirement pensions, with a conference call for substantial increases against the party lead-Labour leaders are using the ersbip's advice, and a wellpublicised internal squabble over how much a Labour government would cut defence spending. But the party backed Kinnock

Tuesday by voting to reduce the overwhelming influence of trade current surveys. union block vote at the annual Kinnock, 47, told more than meeting from 90 per cent to 70

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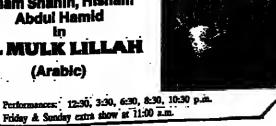
Tel: 625155 RAINBOW

Cinema CONCORD

MOVING Richard Bryer, Randy Quade e: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

Tel: 675571 Cinema MUOUM ilham Shahin, Hisham **Abdul Hamid**

al mulk lillah (Arabic)



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PLAZA Mahmoud Abdul Aziz -Maaii Zayed ln

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9:00 p.m.

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SHEVROLET Caprice Borrougham, model 1988, dark

If interested pis. call tel. 843420 from 9:00 a.m. to

Japanese choose

TOKYO (R) — More and more Japanese — whose legendary capacity for hard work is the

backbone of a buoyant economy

time than more pay if given the

choice, according to a govern-

ment survey. About 57 per cent of those polled said they would

prefer more leisure time to a pay

rise, a four per cent increase over

a 1989 poll, the prime minister's

office said Tuesday. Some 22 per cent said they would take a higher

salary at the expense of leisure

time, the lowest on record since

the government initiated the poll in 1975. About 7,600 working

adults responded to the nation-

U.S. court to cover

WASHINGTON (R) — Is nude dancing in pubs and bars a form

of expression covered by free-

speech guarantees in the U.S.

constitution? The U.S. Supreme Court has said that it hoped to get

to the bottom of the issue. The case arises from a suit by several

nude dancers in Indiana who

argue that their performances are

entitled to the barest minimum of

protection under constitutional guarantees. Indiana's state gov-

ernment wants to stop the prac-

tice under its law banning public

indecency. The Supreme Court

decision is not expected until next

Newlyweds get

belated present

from boy scouts

WHITE BEAR LAKE, Minne-sota (AP) — Boy scouts cleaning

highway litter gave two new-lyweds a belated wedding present

when they found a bundle of

checks and cards stolen from

them earlier this month. A soggy

cardboard box spotted over the

weekend by the White Bear Lake troop also contained a copy of the

vows Cynthia and Karl Rutheiford read to each other at their

wedding on Sep. 1. The box was truck the day after the wedding,

along with Cynthia's wedding dress, her husband's tuxedo and

their luggage. "It kind of put a halt to their honeymoon all at

once," said Gordon Byers, the bride's father. He estimated that

\$500 in cash and checks were in

the box when it was stolen. The

cash was not recovered. Scouts

said they were surprised to find

the box while they were cleaning

Minnesota Highway 96 as part of

a state programme under which groups "adopt" a highway and keep it clean. "We just expected

to find the usual highway trash,"

said Ryan True, 11. "He said the same thing I did," said True's

mother, Sue. "How could some-

one rob someone on their honey-

moon?' It just makes you sick."

Byers said his daughter would be

happy to have the greeting cards back. "Some of them had special

FORT WORTH, Texas (AP) -

nude dancing

wide poll conducted last May.

- would rather have more free

leisure over

salary hike

120 die in Chinese hijacked airliner crash in Canton

dred and twenty people were killed Tuesday when a hijacked Chinese Boeing 737 smasbed into two parked aircraft as it tried to land in the southern city of Canton after a bomh blast on board, officials said.

An official at Canton's Baiyun (White Cloud) Airport, contacted hy Reuters from Hong Kong, said: "A total of 120 people died and another 100 or so survived."

The Boeing 737 was hijacked after it left the southeastern port city of Xiamen for the 70-minute flight to Canton. A U.S. consular official in Canton said a bomb exploded as the plane tried to

The airliner hit an empty Boeing 707 and then smashed into a parked Boeing 757 which was loaded with passengers head-

ing for Shanghai.
The hijacked Boeing 737, carrying 93 passengers and 10 crew.
was owned by Xiamen Airways, a subsidiary of the National flag carrier Civil Aviation Adminis-tration of China (CAAC). The Bhutto

collapses

hearing

before court

LAHORE. Pakistan (R) — Ousted Pakistani Premier Be-

nazir Bhutto collapsed and

fainted in a crush of people at the

Lahore High Court Tuesday as

she arrived to answer charges of

collapsed against a wall snr-rounded by hundreds of chanting

supporters, while a bodyguard

hroke open a door into a toilet.

toilet to an anteroom to lie down

and recover, but the court bear-

"I was gasping, I could not breathe and I just fainted," the pale former prime minister told

Reuters as she sipped a glass of

Still shaken, Bhutto said: "I do

not know what was the plan here.

It is the police's duty to give

protection to me to come to the

ing was cancelled.

She was taken through the

A close aide caught her as she

wrongdoing while in office.

ed hy CAAC.

The official said he could not confirm a report by a Hong Kong television station that a hijacker had demanded to go to Hong Kong and that the aircraft had crashed after a struggle on the

Television pictures showed a slightly damaged Boeing 707, the charred wreckage of the Boeing 737, and the newer Boeing 757 lying badly shattered with its back

A survivor spoke of bodies strewn across the airport tarmac. A woman living near the airport said: "I saw two separate fireballs and then a huge hlack column of smoke. There were many ambulances and fire

Aviation sources in Hong Kong said two hijackers were involved. Airport officials said Chinese, Taiwanese and Hong Kong Chinese people were among those aboard the two aircraft.

African National Congress

(ANC) said Tuesday Zulu leader

Mangosuthu Buthelezi had de-

clined an invitation to join other

black leaders for peace talks to

end South Africa's township war.

its invitation to discuss the car-

nage which has claimed nearly

800 lives since mid-August had

been accepted by all of the lead-

ers of South Africa's quasi-auton-

omous homelands except

"The president of the Inkatha

Freedom Party and Chief Minister

of Kwaznlu, Mangosuthu

Buthelezi, bas declined," the

statement said.

The ANC said in a statement

Buthelezi rejects ANC

invitation for peace talks

JOHANNESBURG (R) — The African National Congress Africa's voteless hlack majority.

said an American woman, whose name was not given, was injured in the crash and taken to hospital. She was believed to have been on the Boeing 757 hit on the ground by the hijacked airliner.

The sources identified another U.S. citizen aboard the Xiamen flight as Erin Lynne Thomas, who was unharmed.

One woman survivor on the Xiamen plane was quoted by the sources as saying there was a hijacking attempt but she was unaware of an explosion. There was a struggle on the flight deck as the plane was landing, she

The last thing she remembered was that the plane flipped over, the sources said.

A Western witness said the plane snapped in half like a matchstick. "All that was left of the fuselage was charred metal. It looked like a crematorium." he was quoted as saying.

According to a Chinese witness, the Boeing 737 hit the flight Western diplomatic sources deck of the empty 707, veered off

ahead Friday without Buthelezi,

red Buthelezi to have attended

the meeting," ANC spokesman

Ahha Omar said.

Inkatha president.

be added.

"The ANC would have prefer-

"However the ANC feels the

Buthelezi last month acknow-

ledged his invitation to the meet-

ing, but expressed reservations

that the ANC had invited him as

a homeland leader rather than as

peace initiatives we have begun

on the ground ... will continue,"

at Mandela's home in Soweto.

and hit the 757 above the level of

In Taiwan, state radio said at least 24 Taiwanese tourists were aboard the Boeing 737. Canton hospital officials said one Taiwanese man was among the

A Japanese diplomat in Peking said a Japanese businessman on board the Boeing 757 was taken to hospital for observation but was unharmed.

The diplomat quoted the man-identified as Tomohide Yamamoto, 23, as saying be and several other people escaped from the aircraft down an emergency

He said he saw people lying on the tarmac and he believed many

The U.S. consular official said: When it (the 737) hit the 757 it exploded in a fireball.

Asked if a bomh had been the cause of the crash an official at Canton airport told Reuters: "It probably was." He refused to

Hungary ioins

The ANC said its meeting with Europe the homeland leaders would go

> for membership Tuesday.
>
> Five months after Hungary
> threw out 40 years of Communist unanimously by the council's 23-

> "In constitution primacy of law, human rights and freedom, Hungary fulfils all the conditions for membership of the Council of Europe. We congratulate the Hungarian people and remember those who sacrificed their lives for freedom and democracy, said Austrian Parliamentarian

Hungarian Prime Minister Jozsef Antall, addressing the Strasbourg-hased council, said the vote was "a historie stage in the process bringing us back into Europe".

Council of STRASBOURG (R) - Hungary

became the first Warsaw Pact nation to join a Western political organisation when the Council of Europe approved its application

rule, its application was approved nation parliamentary assembly.

Peter Schieder.

3 killed in Indian caste row rally

NEW DELHI (R) — At least three people were killed and 10 wounded Tuesday when Delhi police opened fire on demonstrators protesting against the Indian government's plan to increase the number of its jobs reserved for low-caste Hindus.

Two of the dead were demonstrators and one was a police constable who died in hospital after "booligans fired on the police," a police spokes-

Senior policeman Ajay Chadha said his men were forced to open fire after running out of tear gas when about 80 of them were surrounded near parliament by a 5,000-strong moh wielding heavy sticks and throwing stones. "The crowd became totally

unmanageable and we had to open fire," he said after a rally that took place on the hirth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, the advocate of non-violence who led India to independence in 1947.

Before the rally young men from Haryana and Uttar Pradesh, states adjacent to the Indian capital, had smashed windows in government huildings, looted shops and burned

Serious unrest began as people drifted away from the rally against Prime Minister Vishwanath Pratap Singh's plan to increase government jobs reserved for lower castes, outcastes and tribal people from 22.5 per cent to nearly half.

The anger that sparked violence and suicides by fire and other means across north India in the past two weeks was evident at the rally beld on lawns next door to parliament.

Chadha said the main tronhle started when young men leaving the rally set fire to a water tanker. A large crowd gathered and began to stone police who retaliated with baton charges and tear gas before opening fire, he said.

Reporters saw the body of one young man in a police van and three others, apparently seriously hurt, being taken to hospital. Police said one of them died in hospital.

Papandreou in hospital with heart problems

ATHENS (R) - Greek Socialist Party leader and former Prime Minister Andreas Papandreon, facing charges of criminal wrong-doing, was rushed to hospital

Tuesday with heart problems.
Papandreou's health deteriorated the day after a magistrate ordered his friend, former alternate Premier and Justice Minister Agamemnon Koutsoyorgas, be beld pending trial on complicity in a \$200-million bank scandal.

"(Papandreou) was certainly affected after he heard the bad news about Koutsoyorgas," an official of Papandreou's Panhellemic Socialist Movement (PASOK) told Reuters.

A medical announcement said Papandreon, 71, was admitted to the intensive care unit of the state-run Athens General Hospital "with irregular heart beat and

breathing problems."
His condition after treatment was described as stable.

Moscow expects CFE treaty by November

NEW YORK (AP) — Soviet Vienna. Foreign Minister Eduard She-Baker vardnadze says he expects a trea-ty to control conventional arms to be concluded by November.

"Here in New York we have been able to find solutions regarding the key elements of the CFE (conventional forces) agreement," he said Monday at a two-day, 35-nation European

"I would say that the European disarmament train has made up for the delays that worried all of us and is now on schedule and will arrive in Paris right on time. ... We can now assume that the agreement will be concluded," he told the Conference on Security

(CSCE). The CSCE, which seeks to hridge East-West differences, plans a summit meeting Nov. 19-21 in Paris.

and Cooperation in Europe

The conventional-forces treaty was expected to be a centerpiece of the New York conference, the first CSCE gathering in North America. The treaty, between the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and the Warsaw Pact nations, would reduce U.S. and Soviet tanks, anti-aircraft artilery and other non-nuclear weapons in Europe.

The treaty may be cleared at a neeting Wednesday between Shevardnadze and Secretary of many will drop out Wednesday State James A. Baker. Talks on when it merges with West Gerthe treaty are under way in many.

Baker said the United States would not attend the Paris summit without a conventional-forces

The United States remains convinced that the completion of a CFE treaty is an essential precondition of holding the CSCE summit," he told the conference. "Signing the CFE treaty will mark our irreversible disengage ment from the cold war, locking in a new post-cold war military

Shevardnadze earlier told re-porters he and U.S. President George Bush also saw "favourable prospects" to complete nuc-lear arms reductions talks before the end of the year.

"It is my feeling that some of the major START (strategic arms reduction talks) issues will be resolved even while 1 am here in New York," Shevardnadze said.

Earlier Monday the U.S. government gave its support to full membership in CSCE for the three of the Soviet Union's Baltic republics - Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia - and said Albania may be allowed to participate as an observer.

The 35-member CSCE includes all the European countries, except Albania, and the United States and Canada. East Ger-

Red Cross begins medical supply by air to Cambodia

BANGKOK (R) — A plane bearing the Red Cross insignia and 4.5 tonnes of medical supplies left for Phonm Penh Tuesday, the first of what is to become a regularly scheduled flight carrying humanitarian aid to Cam-

Most of the supplies were des-tined for Mongkoi Borei, in the embattled northwest, where the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) has established the latest of its medical

Mongkol Borei is on a route between Aranyaprathet in Thailand and Battambang, Cambo-dia's second largest city. Most of the 300,000 Cambodian refugees are expected to follow that route when they eventually return to their homeland. Red Cross officials said that

based organisation. He said such a huge number of refugees could not be moved until there was a political settlement in Cambodia and stability in the countryside.

day was not yet at hand.
"The time is not right," said

Jean-Jacques Fresard, Bangkok

representative of the Geneva-

He said the Red Cross medical teams would be fully occupied with people suffering the con-sequences of nearly 12 years of civil war in the Cambodian hinterland.

Fresard said the 60,000-100,000 refugees moved back into Cambodia from camps controlled by Khmer Rouge guerrillas in Thai-land earlier this year would have access to the Mongkol Borei

U.S., Soviets 'willing' to police Angola ceasefire

NEW YORK (R) — The United The official expressed optim-States and the Soviet Union have ism that the two sides in the indicated they would be willing to Angolan conflict were closer to police a ceasefire and elections an agreement on elections, to end Angola's 15-year-old civil saying: "For the first time they war, the New York Times re- are talking seriously about a ceasported Tuesday.

A U.S.-Soviet role in reaching a settlement was discussed last week in Portugal during the fourth round of negotiations between Luanda and the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola, or UNITA, the

Times said. A senior U.S. State Department official told the Times that the Soviet Union and United States had agreed to accept an invitation from the two Angolan sides to join in an international force that would work out and

then supervise a ceasefire. The official said the monitoring force would probably resemble the U.N.-sponsored group that helped settle the fighting between South Africa and Namibian guerrillas before supervising free elections there last year. That force included both Soviet and U.S.

The official expressed optim-

The superpowers have strong influence in Angola because of their roles in the conflict. Moscow supports Angola with 1,100 advisers, while Washington has backed UNITA with \$60 million in military assistance.

A ceasefire was arranged last year under the mediation of President Mobutu Sese Seko of Zaire but it quickly broke down and the fighting intensified. Soviet, U.S. and Angolan

officials told the Times they hoped the involvement of the two superpowers would make it more likely a ceasefire would hold this

UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi said in an interview that the U.S. and Soviet supervisors of the ceasefire might have to be armed. But he said it had not been decided whether military or police forces would be involved.

messages on them," he said." "Some of these people haven't even been thanked." Wrong dog put to

A teenager who brought his beloved dog in for a rabies vaccina-tion watched as his pet was mis-takenly put to sleep. "It was a real tragedy, very serious," said Dr. Keith Sultemeier, the veter inarian who operated the clinic in Azle, northwest of Fort Worth Fifteen-year-old Tony McCart and his mother brought the dog, a 2 1-2-year-old pit bull-chow mixbreed named Runt, into the clinic Thursday, about the same time ? female pit bull-chow mix was brought in for euthansia, Sultemeier said. "The lady and her son came in with a dog for fairly straightforward vaccination and walked ont without the dog. ...We are at fault," the veterniatian said. The boy was with Runt when the dog got the lethal injection instead of the rabies shot. To make up for the error, Sultemeier

bought McCarty a full-blooded chow puppy. McCarty's mother. Pam Peyton, said she won't suc Sultemeier. "I don't see any reason to ruin his practice over this," she said. "He's gotten us new dog and said he will take steps - whatever that means - to make sure it doesn't happen

Jaruzelski signs law setting up polls

members.

Poland in more than 50 years, the Polish News Agency (PAP) re-The presidential signature on

the bills, which include a constitutional amendment and a law on presidential election, opened the way for holding the nationwide ballot as early as Nov. 25. The parliament speaker is expected to announce the date soon.

Jaruzelski, the former Communist Party leader, asked parliament on Sept. 19 to shorten his term in the face of increasing calls for him to step down as an unwanted symbol of the country's old order.

Parliament elected him to a six-year term in July 1989, "I accept this as an act of relief. certainly as a serious political act... 1 am happy 1 could do this,"

Jaruzelski told PAP after signing

the bills into law.

WARSAW (AP) — President be a man who would unite the Wojciech Jaruzelski has signed nation. This is extremely imporlegislation setting up the first tant in a situation when we are popular presidential election in experiencing a period of stormy experiencing a period of stormy discussions, differences and even antagonisms."

This should be a wise man, and at the same time an energetic one, a bold and considerate man who would be capable of pursuing difficult tasks in these difficult times," Jaruzelski said. Solidarity leader Lech Walesa

has declared his candidacy, and he started his presidential campaign Monday with a rally in the central city of Torun.

Walesa is expected to face Prime Minister Tadeusz Mazowiecki, his former ally and adviser. Supporters have said he will announce his presidential bid after the date of the election is set.

Walesa sounded a populist note at his first campaign rally, declaring to a crowd of more than 5,000 in the market square, "I am one of you and want to remain

The Solidarity chairman, at his

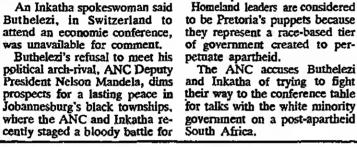
first meeting with the public since declaring his presidential campaign on Sept. 16, sid it was too early to present his programme. But when Walesa appeared on

the red-hrick balcony of the medieval town hall, he flashed "V for victory" signs and the brass band struck up a tune instantly recognisable to Poles as the anthem of the pre-war strongman Marshal Jozef Pilsudski. A banner ou the town hall read

"Torun welcomes Lech" and two posters said, "we will elect Lech Walesa for president." Evoking the spirit: carried Soli-

darity from when the East Bloc's first independent trade union was created in 1980, Walesa said: "We succeeded 10 years ago. Ten million people joined us in the search for new chances for Po-land. Today I have a similar job." Walesa told the rally he would

be travelling across Poland to ask his countrymen "where are the shortcomings and where is the wisdom." He said "Poland is really free but... we need new minds" in government.





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